Knowledge is power-and the way to keep up with modern knowledge is to read a good newspaper.

Vol. XII.

Five cents a copy.

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1910

One Dollar a year.

No. 11

# IF YOU HAVE NEVER

Worn garments from our shop we urge you to investigate their merits. You cannot do yourself a greater favor than to learn what correctly fitted clothes feel like, and be able to note what a difference they will make in your appearance. When you wear them you will realize how much goodness is where you can't see it.

The fine materials and tailoring which are the foundation of all FRIEND MADE CLOTHES keep them in shape until they are worn threadbare. Our guarantee relieves you of every element of risk.

R. R. COYLE

Berea.

Kentucky.



# Don't Be Late!

# BEREA'S BARGAIN COUNTER

Courses Offered in Berea.

A great store often has a " bargain counter" where a large variety Botany and Physiology for those who of articles are offered at unusually low prices. A man can buy an ax or a woman a sewing machine for half price. One person desires to buy one thing while another selects something

It is so with Berea College; it offers different kinds of education, some suited to one set of people and another suited to a different set. And each kind of education is the best of its kind, and the best for certain people.

A fairly good list of these different kinds of education is given in the advertisement on page 3, and everyone should read it carefully.

A. The "Model School Course."-This is for those not far advanced. the so called "common branches," which are really the most important of all, here meet the best young people from a hundred districts, and teachers, who are specialists in such work, and have along with their stu- Courses."-These require six years of teachers and heads of industries and dies some singing, drawing, home study beyond the common branches, executive officers (1 wish I could science for girls and woodwork tools two years which are called preparafor boys, and all the general advant- tory, and four of college work. ages of college life. Ask any of the young men or young women of our Model Schools and they will tell you completes the Literary course is that they can just feel their brains growing in these classes.

help young people increase their earn-, course becomes a "bachelor of Pedaing power, and get ready for the farm- gogy" which means teaching, and may helping new-comers and keeping up ing, household management, carpen- write B. Ped. after his name. It is the high standard of scholarship and try, nursing, printing, dress-making, a great thing to complete one of industry and good character. I thank bricklaying, store-keeping or other these courses. It seems a long time each and every one who has contriuseful calling by which they are to to study-six years. But consider that buted to the glorious success of the serve the community and support you are going to pass the time in school year just passed. their families.

C. The "Academy Course"-The regular course here is two years long. A Graphic Description of the Various for those who have finished the common branches. It gives the best things in a full college course for those who cannot afford a full college course .will study medicine, History and Science of Government for those who will study law, Economics and Physical Geography for those who will go into business, and so on. Every one who desires to be a thinking man. an intelligent woman, every one who longs to know things, and to get acquainted with the best things that are going on in this world should strive to take this course unless they start out for a longer one.

D. The "Normal Course." - This every one misunderstands. It prepares people not to "keep school" but Here are a few specimen "bargains." to teach. This department had a great increase of students last year, and every one who wishes to The students who wish to complete do good work for the children, and to get a good position should step into this course. And the Normal Department does some of its finest work in the Fall Term.

These courses are crowned by de-Berea's work is a work of true religgrees. That is, every one who ion that means love to God and love made a "bachelor of letters," and whom I wish to include in this excan write B. L. after his name. Every pression of appreciation. And the stu-B. The "Vocational Schools."—These one who completes the Pedagogic dents have in countless instances

(Continued on fifth page.)

# THE POWERS-EDWARDS CONTEST

In a letter from a subscriber and voter in the 11th Congressional District, which we hope every one who gets the Citizen will read, we are asked why we have kept silent as to the issues that the voters of that district are having to face.

Our reply is that we have not kept silent as to the real issue as we see it. And strangely enough this very letter confirms us in our view of the issue. It is not so much the man as the method. It does not matter half so much who represents the District in Congress as it does how he becomes the representative. And, if we can trust the writer of the letter, we are not left in doubt as to the methods of either candidate.

What we are interested in is neither Mr. Powers nor Mr. Edwards. They are minor considerations. Our interest is in the character of the citizenship of the District. Let them both be as bad as their enemies represent them to be and they are powerless to do harm, if the majority in the Republican party in the district is above pas-

sion, prejudice and pelf.

But is it? It would seem not; for we are told that each side has an enormous corruption fund and proposes to use it, that each side is distributing or will distribute whiskey in wholesale quantities, and that neither side will hesitate to steal, if it finds that neces-

sary to win.

This is a terrible indictment—an indictment of the candidates, it is true, but no less an indictment of the District. It will be a poor indorsement of the one candidate or a poor vindication of the other, if it is to be obtained by such methods. And he will be a poor representative of the district, if the district has sold its birthright, resigned its claim to fair treatment, relinquished its voice in national affairs for \$25,000 or for any sum.

The issue, then, is not a man but a principle—the principle at the foundation of popular government—it is character, the character

of our citizenship.

It is futile—it is worse than useless to rail at the candidates—to advertise their bad qualities. That only makes them the more popular with their element. The thing to do is to plead for good citizen-ship, and that not only when an election is on but all the time, and that, the editor has been doing both in lectures and in the columns of The

To show that we have not been silent we quote from our Fourth of July editorial-

This is a day for thought-thought on the sacrifices of our fathers—thought of our heritage—thought of our obligations. And it is more still. It is a day for consecration—consecration to the work left more still. It is a day for consecration—consecration to the work left us by our fathers. It was theirs to die for a principle—the principle of representative government! It is ours to live for the same principle. They bought us liberty from a foreign foe at the price of blood. We are asked to perpetuate it, not by bullets, but by our votes. Votes against the Boss, votes against the grafter, votes against the professional politician, votes against their masters, the great corporations, the Interests.

A vote is our birthright. It is blood bought. Away with the mess of pottage! A man does not have to live, and so he does not have to sell.

And who is the greater hero, the greater patriot, the man who shoots to establish, or the man who votes to maintain? And who is the greater traitor—an Arnold who betrays the cause for gold and a commission in the enemy's army in the midst of the conflict, or the voter, the legislator, the congressman, who forgets principle, and home and country and votes for boodle?
It is time to stop and think.

# THANKSGIVING

President Frost Expresses Thanks For His Recovery, and Appreciation of the Prayers of friends and Asks Their Continuance.

The most welcome greeting which we have received on our return from nearly a year of absence was the word of a mountain woman whose home is much higher than mine, and who said, "We prayed mightily that you might be brought home safe across that great ocean."

The fact that a good many such friends, some quite far away, and some whom I can only see at long intervals, have prayed for me, makes it fitting that I should let it be know publicly that I am most grateful to Almighty God, Our Heavenly Father, for travelling mercies, and for restoration to reasonably good health. We cannot meet together for a Thanksgiving service, but we can rejoice together in spirit and praise the dear Father who hears and answers prayer.

Let me beg that your prayers for me may continue. It is to be hoped that I come back not merely for a longer enjoyment of life, but for increased usefulness and service. There are many, many things which the Lord has made me desire but never given me the power to bring to pass. I long to see friends I have seen before, and others I have never seen, and to preach the Gospel at least once in every mountain county. I long to send to each of these counties an army of young men and women, intelligent, serious-minded, devoted, who shall set roses by every door-way and sing God's praise in every church house.

I wish to use this occasion to thank the friends and supporters of Berea for the splendid way in which they have carried on its work in my absence. I am sure that Professor El-E. The "Literary and Pedagogic lis as Regent, and the Deans and name each one right here) have made students and citizens feel that to man. There are many citizens shown their loyalty and good-will,

(Continued on fifth page.)

# 11TH DISTRICT POLITICS

Interesting Summing up of the Situation by a Voter-It Speaks for Itself-Read and Get Wisdom.

Crooked Branch, Ky. Sept. 2, 1910 To the Editor of The Citizen:

I see from reading your paper that you have been very reticent concerning the Primary election in the 11th readers in this District, for you have trict. It cannot be for want of interest State and the nation. in the election itself, for everybody in the district is getting warmed up. It certainly cannot be that you are indifferent to the tremendous issues involved in this election.

Then why are you silent? If you will not "speak out in meetin," will you not let one of your readers have a fling at conditions as they appear to him?-"Yes?" Well here goes-

Two candidates are before the Republican party of this district for its recognition, which is equivalent to election. One of these has three times been elected by his party to Congress, and his friends point with pride to his record. But his opponent and his enemies say that three terms in Congress is enough for any man, and that for this reason alone he ought

The other has not had much public service for several years, having spent that time in various jails of the State-"Suffering for his party," say his friends-"Suffering for his own misdeeds," say his enemies.

to step aside for another.

"Mr. Edwards," say his friends, "is the friend of Roosevelt and Taft, and stands for all the beneficent legislahe has been in Congress, as well as trict." "He has done nothing of the tucky, and Ohio. sort," say his opponents, "Mr. Powers is the greatest statesman in the Country," say his friends, and he has not denied it. "It will be a flat rebuke to Governor Willson who pardoned him for the District to refuse to nominate and elect him to Congress, for everybody knows that he is innocent, and that the "Goebelites" stole his ought to be vindicated."

And although three times convicted of murder, and as many times reversed on legal technicalities, ending finally in a hung jury, and a pardon, still they say, and say earnestly, "On-(Continued on last page.)

rant-Speculation as to Chief Justice-Harmon Losing.

GROWTH OF NEW YORK:-Greater New York now has a population of 4,766,883 making it the second largest city in the world, according to the figures issued from the Census Bureau, Sept. 1st. The increase for the last ten years has been 38.7 per cent, or 1,329,681.

LYNCHERS INDICTED: - The Grand Jury which was called to investigate the lynching of Carl Etherington in Newark, O., has concluded its sittings and made its report, Fifty-eight indictments were returned, all in connection with the lynching. Twenty-five of these charge the rioters with murder in the first degree, twenty-one are accused of rioting, ten with assult, and two with perjury. The blame for the lynching is laid upon the mayor and chief of police both of whom have resigned.

HOKE SMITH FOR PRESIDENT:-The Georgia Democratic convention, in session Sept. 1st, nominated Hoke Smith, former Governor and member of President Cleveland's cabinet, for Governor over the present Governor, J. M. Brown, and also indorsed him for the presidency. The return of Smith to ascendency marks also the return of the State wide Prohibition element to power. It will be remembered that Governor Brown won over Smith before on a plea for a business administration which meant, when properly interpreted, the repudiation of the Prohibition laws-rather their non-enforcement.

HARLAN FOR CHIEF JUSTICE:-President Taft has not announced his intention but it is now generally thought that Justice Harlan will be appointed Chief Justice for the remainder of his term which, it is thought, he will end by retirement at the end of Mr. Taft's first term, two years hence, when Gov. Hughes, who now becomes a member of the Supreme Court, will succeed him. It would seem that this is the logical course for the President to pursue. MR. ROOSEVELT'S TRIP: - The

western trip of Mr. Roosevelt has proved very disappointing to his enemies. It was freely predicted that he would not be recieved as he was when President, and that he would return to his home a disappointed and wiser man, that this trip would be the beginning of his elimination from politics, and that the country would soon be rid of his preaching and his meddling. But, alas for the machine politician, the corrupt corporation, of the Knox County Fair, last Friday. and the boodler of what ever sort, Congressional District. Why is this? Mr. Roosevelt returns with a tighter who, it is reported, had been disarm-It cannot be because you have no grip upon the affections of the peo- ed in the early morning, having fillple than ever-a truly dominant fig- ed himself with whiskey, and being the largest paid circulation in the Dis- ure, dominant for good both for his handed a revolver by a friend, pro-

bloody street car strike in Columbus shots took effect in a young man by is likely to prove the undoing of Gov. the name of Wyatt, whose only of-Harmon. His prompt action in the Newark riot vastly increased his kindly advised Smith to behave himpopularity, but he has not been so self. It was thought that Wyatt was fortunate in his dealing with the mortally wounded but it was later strike situation, and the Republicans found that the wound is not necesare making capital out of the unfor- sarily fatal. tunate affair; and incidentally it may be said that the outlook for the ference of the Methodist Episcopal Republicans has grown much better Church met in its annual Session yesin the last two or three weeks. It is terday at Paintsville. The Conference plain that Ohio is to be the great is composed of about one hundred

battle ground of the Fall campaign. HARD FIGHT IN INDIANA:-The one. The Governor of the State is nesday. On Monday the appointments a Democrat and is popular, and Mr. to charges for the ensuing year are Beveridge is weakened in his own read. party somewhat by the fact that he is an avowed Insurgent, and Insurgency is not in the ascendent in his State. The outlook, however, is not altogether discouraging, and grows brighter with the better prospects for Republican principles thruout the nation,

TRIBUTE TO ETHRINGTON:-A memorial service was held in Willisburg last Sunday in honor of young Ethrington who was killed by a mob in Newark, O., while acting as a tion put forward by the party since detective for the Anti-Saloon League. A number of representatives were much local legislation for his Dis- present from various places in Ken-

R. R. GUIDE

For Students for Fall Term.

Berea, Ky., Sept. 3, 1910.

A large number of students will be coming to Berea for the opening of office, and cast him into prison and the Fall term, and I am sure they kept him there for eight years. He will all be interested in saving any small amount of money on the railroad fare.

There is no reduction for those coming from north of the Ohio river until they get to Cincinnati, Ohio, but it will be pleasant for those who

(Continued on fifth Page.)

# To Do After Reaching College

The First Thing

Is to put the money that you are depending on to carry you through the year in a safe place.

Don't keep it in your pockets or hide it away in your room; it is too easy to lose it or to have

Put it in the Bank wher it will be safe and where you can get it when you need it.

Many students have checking accounts with this Bank, and we solicit yours also.

You will find us conveniently located on Main street, just off the campus.

> HOURS: 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Berea Bank & Trust Company

M. E. Conference Convenes-Congressional Primary in the 11th District-Storms.

SHOOTING IN KNOX:-A serious shooting occurred on the closing day A young man by the name of Smith, ceeded to empty its contents rather HARMON ON THE WANE:-The promiscuously into the crowd. Two fense seems to have been that he

M. E. CONFERENCE:-The Conmembers. Bishop Warren will preside. The session usually closes on situation in Indiana is a complicated Monday following the opening on Wed-

PRIMARY IN THE 11TH:-The Republican Congressional Primary in the 11th District is set for Thursday, Sept. 15th. Both sides are very sure of victory, and are making the usual extravagant claims. If, however, the charges and counter charges, and the threats are to be believed, and if the reports of the distribution of whiskey, of the plans to steal whole counties. and the purpose of both candidates to spend three times as much money in buying votes as the office will pay, are true, there will be no victory for either candidate that should produce any feeling but chagrin, and humiliation on the part of every one.

DESTRUCTIVE STORMS: -- Several counties in the State have been visited by destructive storms during the past week. The damage in Jefferson County was confined entirely to property. Wolfe, Magoffin, Breathitt, Knott and Morgan counties report destructive floods, and the loss of

KENTUCKY EDITOR HURT:-The Editor of the Winchester News, Mr. W. A. Beaty, was thrown from a buggy and badly hurt last Thursday. His left arm was broken in two places, and he sustained several bruises, He was taken to the Lexington Hospital.

# FIE DIVA'S RUBY



SYNOPSIS.

Baraka, a Tartar girl, became enamored of a golden bearded stranger who was prospecting and studying herbs in the vicinity of her home in central Asia, and revealed to him the location of a mine of rubies hoping that the stranger would love her in return for her disclosure. They were followed to the cave by the girl's relatives, who blocked up the entrance, and drew off the water supply, leaving the couple to die. Baraka's cousin Saad, her betrothed, attempted to climb down a cliff overlooking the mine; but the traveler shot him. The stranger was revived from a water gourd Saad carried, dug his way out of the tunnel, and departed, deserting the girl and carrying a bag of rubies. Baraka gathered all the gems she could carry, and started in pursuit. Margaret Donne (Margarita da Cordova), a famous prima donna, became engaged in London to Konstantin Logotheti, a wealthy Greek financier. Her intimate friend was Countess Leven, known as Lady Maud, whose husband had been killed by a bomb in St. Petersburg; and Lady Maud's most intimate friend was Rufus Van Torp, an American, who had become one of the richest men in the world. Van Torp was in love with Margaret, and rushed to London as soon as he heard of her betrothal. He offered Lady Maud \$5,000,000 for her pet charity if she would aid him in winning the singer from Logotheti. Baraka approached Logotheti at Versailles with rubles to sell. He presented a ruby to Margaret. Van Torp bought a yacht and sent it to Venice. He was visited by Baraka in male attire. She gave him a ruby after the American had told her of having seen in the United States a man answering the description of the one she loved. The American followed Margaret to the Bayreuth "Parsifal" festival. Margaret took a liking to Van Torp, who presented her with the ruby Baraka had given him. Count Kralinsky, a Russian, arrived at Bayreuth. Van Torp believed him to be the one Baraka was pursuing. Baraka was arrested in London on the charge of stealing from Pinney, a jeweler, the ruby she had sold to Logothet

### GHAPFER XI .- Continued.

"On account of her temper, I suppose," answered the good lady absently, for she was looking up and down the columns in search of someit is!" she said. "It is under the Passed at 4 p. m., going south, steam on board. All well.' My dear child, it is quite clear that if this is Mons. Logotheti's yacht, he is going to Gibraltar."

"I don't know anything about geography," Margaret said, and her wrath, which had been smouldering sullenly for days, began to glow again.

"Margaret," said Mrs. Rushmore, "you surprise me! You were very

long tirade of mild reproof that followed. She knew well enough where Gibraltar was, and that Logotheti was going all the way round to them. the Mediterranean on his yacht with some one for company, and that the voyage was a long one. After what Lady Maud had said, there was not the least doubt in her mind as to his companion, who could be no one but Baraka. He had been told that he was not wanted at Bayreuth, and he was celebrating the sunset of his bachelor life in his own way. That was clear. If he received the telegram that had just been sent to him. he would get it at Gibraltar, should he stop there, and as for answering it Margaret left Bayreuth, she was inclined to make such a thing impossible by going away the next morning, if not that very night.

Her angry reflections and Mrs. Rushmore's lecture on the importance of geography in education were interrupted by the discreet entrance of Mr. Van Torp, who was announced and ushered to the door by Justine in a grand French manner. On the threshold, however, he stood still and asked if he might come in; being pressed to do so, he yielded, advanced, and sat down between the two ladies.

"Mr. Van Torp," said Mrs. Rushmore, "I insist upon knowing what has become of Countess Leven.'

"I don't know, Mrs. Rushmore," answered the millionaire, slowly rubbing his hands. "I haven't spoken to her since I brought her from the station. I dare say she's all right. She's probably gone to take a walk. She often does in the country, I know-her father's country seat is next to mine Mrs. Rushmore. I hope you'll pay me a visit some day. Why, yes, Lady Maud sometimes goes off alone and walks miles and miles."

"There, Margaret," said Mrs. Rush more triumphantly, "what did I tell you? Mr. Van Torp says the countess often walks for miles and miles."

"Why, certainly," said Mr. Van Torp, "though I'm bound to say she's just as fond of horseback. Her friends generally call her Lady Maud, Mrz. Rushmore, Perhaps you won't mind my teiling you, as she prefers it a good deal herself. You see, I've had the pleasure of knowing her several years, so I daresay you'll forgive me for mentioning it.'

"I think it is quite kind of you, on the contrary." auswered Mrs. Rush-"Margaret, why did you never tell me of this? Had you any reason

for not telling me?"

called her," Margaret answered pa tiently.

"Because if you had any reason, said Mrs. Rushmore, following her own thoughts, "I insist upon knowing what it was."

"Well, now, I'll tell you," rejoined Mr. Van Torp, to save Margaret the trouble of answering the futile little speech, "her husband didn't treat her very well. There's not a purer woman in the six continents, Mrs. Rushmore, but he tried to divorce her, because he'd lost his money, if he ever had any, and she had none, and he wanted to marry an heiress. However, they automoblized him, or something, in St. Petersburg last June."

"Auto-what did you say?" inquired Mrs. Rushmore.

"Killed by an automobile," explained Mr. Van Torp gravely. "But now I come to think, it wasn't that. He got blown up by a bomb meant for a better man. It was quite instantaneous, I recollect. His head disappeared suddenly, and the greater part of him was scattered around, but they found his pocket-book with his cards and things, so they knew who it was. It was driven through some body else's hat on the other side of the street, wasn't it, Miss Donne? Things must have been quite lively just then, where it happened. I supposed you knew."

Mrs. Rushmore explained that she had never heard any details.

"Besides," said Mr. Van Torp, in answer, though not quite relevantly, "everybody always calls her Lady Maud' instead of 'Countess Leven,' which she has on her cards."

"She would naturally use the higher title," observed Mrs. Rushmore reverently.

"Well, now, about that," objected Mr. Van Torp, "I'm bound to say I think the daughter of an English earl as good as a Russian count, anywhere west of Siberia. I don't know how they figure those things out at courts when they have to balance 'em up for seats at a dinner party, of course. It's just my impression, that's all, as thing she had already seen. "Here a business man. He's dead, anyway, and one needn't make personal reyachting news. 'Cape Finisterre. marks about dead men. All the same, it was a happy release for Lady Maud, yacht Erinna, with owner and party and I doubt if she sits up all night mourning for him. Have you been out this afternoon, Miss Donne?"

He changed the subject with extreme directness, and Mrs. Rushmore, who was used to the dictatorial ways of lions, took the hint submissively enough, though she would have been glad to discuss the relative and intrinsic values of the designations "Lady Maud" and "Countess Leven." But it was much more important that more and I would come?" Margaret But the prima donna did not hear the lion should be left alone with asked. "And Lady Maud?" Margaret as much as possible, and the excellent lady therefore remembered any more than you did last night that she had something to do and left when we talked about it, so how

"I had a little talk with Kralinsky before he left," said Van Torp, when she was gone. "He says he'll meet us in Venice any time in the next few days. He's just going to run over to Vienna in his sudden-death-cart for 24 hours; then he'll go south, he says. He ran me up to the hotel and dropped me. I dare say you heard the toots. I thought I saw Lady Maud looking out of the window of your room as I got out."

"Yes," Margaret said. "But how do you know that is my window?"

"In the first place, I've counted the windows. I felt a sort of interest in knowing which was yours. And then, often see your maid opening the shutters in the morning."

"Oh!" Margaret smiled. "Did you notice anything unusual about Lady Maud when you saw her?" she asked, for she knew that he had good eyes. "Since you mention it, I thought she the mark-pale, I thought she was."

"Yes," Margaret said. "She felt used to." ill for a moment, and I thought she was going to faint. But it passed al- Margaret said. most directly, and she insisted on going for a walk."

legs after all, and I'm not sure he was ever in the west."

"I thought it sounded unlikely." Margaret said.

"I asked him, just like that, in a friendly way, and he thought a moment and made an effort to recollect, and then he seemed quite pleased to I've been here, and I've come to the remember that I'd been 'Fanny' and he'd been 'Levi Longlegs,' and that he used to whistle things out of 'Parsifal'

by the fire of an evening." "Well-but in that case-" Margaret stopped with an inquiring look.

"Just so," continued Van Torp, nodding. "Did you ever attend a trial and hear a witness being cross-examined by a lawyer who wants him to remember something, and he wants to remember it himself, but cen't because he never heard of it before in his life? It's quite funny. The law- partnership, and do this kind of thing yer makes steps for him and puts his feet into them so that he gets along nicely, unless the judge happens to wake up and kick, and then the little as coolly as if he were explaining a game stops right there, and somebody new plan to a board of directors, laughs. Well, my talk with Kralinsky was like that, only there was



"I'm Not Sure He Was Ever in the West."

judge, so he went away happy; and we're old friends now, and punched cows on the same ranch, and he's coming on my yacht. I only wonder why he was so anxious to remember all that, and why he thought it would be kind of friendly if I called him Levi Longlegs again, and he called me Fanny Cook. I wonder! He says he's still very fond of 'Parsifal,' and came on purpose to hear it, but that he's completely forgotten how to whistle. That's funny, too. I just thought I'd tell you, because if you come on my yacht and he comes, too, you're liable to see quite a good deal of one another."

"Did you tell him that Mrs. Rush-

"Why, no. You've not promised yet, could I? I forgot to mention Lady Maud to him, or else I thought I wouldn't-I forget which. It doesn't matter.'

"No." Margaret smiled. "Not a little bit!"

"You seem amused." observed Mr. Van Torp.

"By your way of putting it and

thing. "It wasn't quite true that I forgot but I wanted to, so I didn't say anything about her. That's why I put it opera house and not a barn. We'll in that way. I don't choose to leave you any doubt about what I say, or and, of course, I'd leave everything mean, even in the smallest things. The moment you feel the least doubt New York just about in the right about the perfect accuracy of anything I tell you, even if it's not at all I'll give the land and put up the a downright lie or anything resembling one, you won't trust me at all, dertake the management. You'll put in anything. Because, if you trust me, you'll end by liking me, and if we'll share the profits. Maybe they'll you don't trust me you'll go back to looked as if she didn't feel quite up to thinking that I'm the Beast out of theater to other people outside of the Revelation, or something, as you

"I've forgotten all about the Beast,"

"Thank you," answered Mr. Torp. "To change the subject--I've and sing or not, whenever you please." "Oh," mused Mr. Van Torp, "is that got a little scheme to propose. May-Well, I dare say it was the best be you'll think well of it. Anyhow, thing she could do. I was telling you as it's a mere matter of business conabout Kralinsky. He's not Levi Long- nected with your career, you won't there ever a great soprano who did mind my explaim. t to you, will

you?" "No, indeed!" Margaret was interested at once. "Do tell me!" she said. leaning forward a little.

"Well," he began, "I've looked around this place a good deal since conclusion that it's not very well done, anyhow, except 'Parsifal.' That's what most of the people really come for. I'm informed that they give all the other operas better in Munich, with the advantage of being in what you may call a Christian town, compared with this. Is that correct, do you think?"

"Yes, I believe so." "It is, you can depend upon it. Now what I want to know is, why you and I shouldn't go into a little business brown, as it ought to be done." Margaret opened her handsome eyes wide. "Because," continued Mr. Van Torp, "we've got the capital and the ability between us, and there's a demand in pou're it. Besides, you've got before



The Company, Which Is You and I, Will Probably Rule-"

New York for what I propose to do. your pretending to forget such a It'll fill a want, I know, and that means success and money. Why don't we build a theater together? When I say a theater, I mean a first-class employ the best architects to build it, about it to you. I've got a block in place, and it won't take long to build. money for the building, if you'll unin any money you like, of course, and be quite handsome, for we'll lease the season. We'll have the best talent in Europe, and pay for it, and the public will pay us back. We'll call it the Cordova Opera, if you like, and you'll Van run it according to your own ideas, "Are you in earnest?"

Margaret had some difficulty in pro nouncing the words clearly. not dream of having the most perfect theater of her very own, and who could receive unmoved the offer to build one from a man who could build 20 if he chose? Very rarely in her life had she been aware of her bodily heart, but she could feel it now, beat ing like a hammer on the anvil.

"I'm in earnest," Van Torp answered with perfect calm. thought the whole thing over in all its aspects, just as I would a railroad, or a canal, or a mine, and I've concluded to try it, if you'll help me, because it's going to be a safe investment. You see, Miss Donne," he went on slowly, "there's no artist on the grand opera stage now who's so well equipped for the business as you are. I'm not flattering you, either. In your own kind of parts you've simply got no rival. Everybody says so, and I suppose you won't play kitty and deny it. Let's start fair, now."

"It would be silly to deny that I'm one of the first," Margaret admitted. "That'll do. thank you. One of the first, and the first is one of them, and By F. MARION CRAWTORD

AUTHOR OF "SARACINESEA," "ARETHUSA" ETC.FTC. ILLUSTRATIONS BY A.WEIL ASS COPYRIGHT 1907 BY F. MARION CRAWFORD

just one more item in the assets. Another big one is that you're a first- ty sure." class musician, whereas half these singers can only bang the box like great, thundering overgrown schoolgirls. Allow that?"

"I suppose I must 'allow' anything," laughed the prima donna.

"Well, now, I've told you. You've got the name I need, and you've got the voice, and the talent, and you've got the science and culture. I suppose you'll let me say that I've got the business ability, won't you?" The iron mouth smiled a little

"Rather! I fancy some people have wished you had less!" "And the money's here, for I always

you like, I'll fill it in, and we'll deposit it wherever you say, in the name of the 'Cordova Opera Company,' or 'Mme. da Cordova, Rufus Van Torp & Co.' We can make out our little agreement in duplicate right here, on the corner of the table, and sign it: and before we leave here you might | that money can buy to make a perfect go around and speak to the best singers about an engagement in New York | the first two seasons. That is, if you'll for a Wagner festival, a year from next Christmas. That's business, and you've got to work, Miss Donne, you've this is a purely business proposition. got to work, or it's no use thinking of If you'd like to think it over, I'll go it. That's my opinion." and take a little walk before dinner." "It sounds like a dream!" Margaret | garet enthusiastically.

answered, in a wondering tone. "Money's an awful reality," Van Torp remarked. "I'm talking bust, do me the credit to believe that I'm quite wide awake."

"Do you really, really, really mean it?" She spoke almost like a child. It was not the first time in his life that the financier had seen the stunning effect of a big sum, projected with precision, like a shell, at exactly the right moment. He was playing the great game again, but for a prize he thought worth more than any he had yet won, and the very magnitude

of the risk steadied his naturally

steady brain. "Yes," he said quiefly, "I do. Perhaps I've startled you a little, and I shouldn't like you to make a decision till you feel quite ready to. I'll just say again that I've thought the whole thing out as a genuine venture, and that I believe in it, or I wouldn't propose it. Maybe you've got some sensible lawyer you have confidence in, and would like to consult him first. If you feel that way, I'd rather you should. A business partnership's not a thing to go into with your eyes shut, and if we had any reason for distrusting one another, it would be better to make inquiries. But so far as that goes, it appears to me that we've got the facts to go on, which would make any partnership succeed. You've certainly got the musical brains, besides a little money of your own, and I've certainly got the rest of the funds. I'd like you to put some money in it, though, if you can spare it, because that's a guarantee that you're going to be in earnest, too, and do your share in the musical side You see I'm talking to you just as I would to a man in the same position. Not because I doubt that if you put your name to a piece of paper you really will do your share as a partner, but because I'm used to working in that sort of way in business. How does that strike you? I hope you're not offended?"

"Offended!" There was no mistaking the suppressed excitement and delight in her voice. If he had possessed the intelligence of Mephistopheles and the charm of Faust he could not have said anything more subtly pleasing to her dignity and her vanity.

"Of course," he said, "it needn't be a very large sum. Still it ought to be something that would make a difference to you."

She hesitated a moment, and then spoke rather timidly. "I think perhaps-if we did it-I

could manage a hundred thousand pounds," she said. "Would that be too little, do you think?" The large mouth twitched and then

smiled pleasantly. "That's too much," he said, shaking his head. "You mustn't put all your eggs in one basket. A hundred thou-

sand dollars would be quite enough as your share of the capital, with option to buy stock of me at par, up to a million, or so, if it's a success." "Really? Would that be enough? And, please, what is 'stock' in such a

case? "Stock," said the financiel, "is a little plant which, when well watered, will grow like the mustard seed, till

all the birds of Wall street make their nests in its branches. And if you don't water it too much, it'll be all right. In our case, the stock is going to be that share of the business which most we mean to keep for ourselves. I alstock of a railroad for nothing, for the road one day, and found als the dren in'

you what's behind most of them. stock was in my own pocket. That's You're young. I'm not talking about only a little fllustration. But I guese your personal appearance, but that's you can leave the financial side in my hands. You won't lose by it, I'm pret-

"I fancy not!" Margaret's eyes were wide open, her hands were clasped tightly on her knee, and she was leaning forward a little. sides," she went on, "it would not be the money that I should care about! I can earn more money than I want, and I have a little fortune of my owa -the hundred thousand I offered you. Oh, no! It would be the splendid power to have the most beautiful music in the world given as it could be given nowhere else! The joy of singing myself-the parts I can sing -in the most perfect surroundings! An orchestra picked from the whole world of orchestras, the greatest livhave a blank cheque in my pocket. If | ing leaders, the most faultless chorust And the scenery, and the costumeseverything as everything could be. if it were really, really the best that can be had! Do you believe it is possible to have all that?"

"Oh, yes, and with your name to it, too. We'll have everything on earth opera, and I'll guarantee it'll pay after work at it as hard as I will. But

"I'll work like a Trojan!" cried Mar-

She had enough experience in herself, and enough knowledge of the conditions to believe that her own ness, and as I'm the one who's going hard work, combined with Van Torp's to put up most of the capital, you'll unlimited capital, could and certainly would produce such an opera house, and bring to it such artists as had never been seen and heard, except perhaps in Bayreuth, during its first

great days, now long past. Then, too, he had put the matter before her so skillfully that she could look upon it honestly as a business partnership, in which her voice, her judgment, and her experience would bear no contemptible proportion to his money, and in which she herself was to invest money of her own, thereby sharing the risk according to her fortune as well as giving the greater part of the labor. She felt for some weak place in the scheme, groping as if she were dazzled, but she could find none.

"I don't think I shall need time to think this over," she said, controlling her voice better, now that she had made up her mind. "As I understand it, I am to put in what I can in the way of ready money, and I am to give my time in all ways, as you need it, and my voice, when it is wanted. Is that it?"

"Except that, when you choose to usual price for each appearance," answered Van Torp in a business-like manner. "You will pay yourself, or we both shall pay you, just as much as we would pay any other first-class soprano, or as much more as you would get in London or New York if you signed an engagement."

"Is that fair?" Margaret asked "Why, certainly. But the company, which is you and I, will probably rule that you mustn't sing in grand opera anywhere in the states east of the rockies. They've got to come to New York to hear you. Naturally, you'll be free to do anything you like in Europe outside of our season, when you can spare the time."

"Of course." "Well, now, I suppose we might as well note that down right away, as a preliminary agreement. What do you

"I say that I simply cannot refuse such an offer!" Margaret answered. "Your consent is all that's necessary," he said, in a matter-of-fact

He produced from an inner pocket a folded sheet of foolscap, which he spread on the corner of the table beside him. He took out a fountain pen and began to write quickly. The terms and forms were as familiar to him as the alphabet and he lost no time; besides, as he had told the prima donna, he had thought out the whole matter before hand.

"What if Mrs. Rushmore comes in just as we are signing it?" asked Mar-

"We'll tell her, and ask her to witness our signatures," replied Van Torp without looking up. "I judge Mrs. Rushmore to have quite a knowledge of business."

"You seem able to write and talk at the same time," Margaret said. smiling.

"Business talk, yes." The pen ran on swiftly. "There. That's about all, I should say. Do you think you can read my writing? I don't suppose you've ever seen it."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"Tea with Children." "Tea," says the London Chronicle. "in the garden is one of the bestestablished of our mid-Victorian instipeople sell to raise money, and which tutions. Mr. E. V. Lucas-who is connoisseur of the caddy-recalls to ways do it that way, when circum- his essay, 'The Divine Leaf,' a store stances allow. I once bought all the of the late Arthur Cecil, who once encountered the following inscription in instance, and sold all the bonds, and a garden at Kew: "Tea, plain. 6d. let it go bankrupt Then I bought tea, with shrimps, 9d.; tea, with ohis

# THREE

Specially Arranged for This Paper

LESSON TEXT.—Matthew 22:18-22, 34-46. Memory verses 37-39 a call to West Third street, where a sailor had been hit by an automobile, an ambulance plunged into a throng of street car patrons, instantly killing Mrs. Ferdinand Schlegel, aged 57.

The same day as our last lesson.

PLACE.—The Court of the Temple in Jerusalem.

Suggestion and Practical Thought. The rulers of the Jews had determined on the death of Jesus (Mark 11:18), and were now seeking some way of ensnaring Jesus into expressing opinions which could be used as an accusation for which he could be convicted in the courts. But by Jesus' answers Divine truth was made more

The question was asked by a wily it lawful to give tribute to Caesar, or throw his horse, but failed. not? The Pharisees sent their disciples, learners, students, who would come as those who wanted to learn, and not as the teachers who, being supposed to know, would appear to be merely wanting to entrap Jesus, "A cunning device." These would represent one side of the question, opposed to paying tribute to Caesar.

"Fierce opposition was offered to the tribute law . . . which was regarded as an impiety, inasmuch as no Lord could be recognized but God. Others offered opposition to the legality of the tax, while one leader, Judah of Gamala, associated with a Pharisee named Zadok, formed a party to work solely on this line of attack. Then vengeance was sworn against whomsoever should transgress the Mosaic law, and the Zealots were pious assassins prison. who imposed upon themselves the sacred obligations of killing all transgressors of the law."

the Herods, who owed what power in a few seconds. they possessed to the Roman government. "They vied with the Sadduces in skepticism, and with the Greeks in licentiousness, pandered to the vice and cruelty of the Herods and truckled to the Romans." These represented the other side of the question, favoring tribute to Caesar, and opposed to the Messianic hopes of the Pharisees.

No matter which side Jesus took it seemed impossible for him not to seriously damage his cause. If he decided for either jarty, the other would be his enemy. He was sailing between Scylla and Charybdis. If he said it was not right to pay taxes, he would be in collision with the whole Roman power, which would regard and treat him as a criminal. His career would be ended. If he said it was lawful for the Jews, the great mass of the people would be against him, and he would lose his hold upon them; for they hated the Roman government, and one of the first and greatest things they expected of the Messiah was deliverance from "The taxes were a constant cause of

Russian czar), "Render therefore unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's." The image and superscription on the the last dollar she possessed. coin implied the sovereignty of Caesar. ment. They therefore owed it some visit her. service in return. This service was the payment of taxes.

"And unto God the things that are God's." God as your maker, preserver, Crazy Man Wandered Into Probate giver of countless good gifts, one of the choicest of which was the gift of his Son, their Messiah, had a right to claim love and obedience from them.

in them, the best citizens they have. anced. He walked up to Judge Lue-This was one of the ways by which ders, who was on the bench, and an-Christianity conquered the Roman emtheir worldly weapons would have his brother, Joseph Kroll, at Ann Arbeen ruin; as Christ himself said: bor. "Tell him that if he comes after "For all they that take the sword shall perish with the sword" (Matt. 26:52).

God's image is stamped in the soul mire of sin, dimmed by the friction of God. This makes it possible to be re but that Roosevelt was not strenuous stored, to receive the fuller, sweeter more perfect image of God's holiness.

one of his captains dug up a great pot of gold, and brought it to him. Tamer- the address he gave in Ann Arbor. lane asked whether !t had his father's stamp upon it; but when he saw it had the Roman stamp, and not his father's, he would not own it.

he realized that Jesus had answered wisely the Sadducee's question (Mark).

All we have and are we owe to him; and the only way in which we can make any return is to love him and obey him in love. That is all that love not only honors God, but elevates of the soul; and the nobler and higher love, so much the more is the one who exalted in nature. In him are found all that ought to move the highest affections of mea.

### AMBULANCE KILLS WOMAN

Was On Way To Get Sailor Who Had Been Hit By An Automobile-Man Also Injured.

Cleveland, O .- Galloping madly through the crowded public square on

who was saved by a squad of police, caused the death of the auto victim, F. Hawes, 55 years old.

Mrs. Schlegel's husband, 78 years old, is believed to be dying also, his injuries being critical because of his age. His arm was broken and he was cut and bruised.

The ambulance dashed into the crowd awaiting cars without ringing its bell, which later was found to have combination of two parties. It was, Is been broken. Garman attempted to

### OFFICIAL DROPPED

Warden of Indiana Penitentiary Drops Dead During Excitement Caused by Fire.

Michigan City, Ind .- During a fire at the Indiana state prison here, Warden James D. Reid dropped dead of

heart trouble. The fire started in a storeroom among some rags, presumably from spontaneous combustion, and the warden and other prison officials collected there to assist in getting it under control, with the aid of the city fire department and a fire brigade at the

The fire was suppressed before much damage had been done, but the warden, after considerable agitation, sud-The Herodians were adherents of denly dropped to the floor and expired future.

Warden Reid was one of the most ber 1, 1901, coming from South Bend. He was 52 years old,

SPENT FORTUNE QUICKLY.

Had Consumption and Wanted to Enjoy Life While It Lasted.

Phoenix, Ariz .- Mrs. Margaret Faland spending \$20,000 within six

She was married a year ago to Wilham Falcon, and when she learned that she had consumption they bought an automobile and traveled a pace that was startling to local society.

When remonstrated with by friends she calmly replied that she would ba dead soon, dead a long time, and was this subjection to a foreign power, and every dollar of money left to her, monarchy it means the education of a other months were not affected, and They say unto him, 'Caesar's the woman's life were in sight, her norance among millions, many of them last year, with a large acreage. The

# GOES TO PROPER COURT.

Cincinnati .-- A man who gave his name as Joseph Kroll, who claimed to Christians have to live in countries be from Ann Arbor, Mich., wandered where the government is not perfect, into the probate court and gave eviand it is their duty to be good citizens dence that he was mentally unbalnounced that he had killed a man. pire. To have fought the empire with He asked the judge to send word to me I will cut his throat, and all the

rest of them," he shouted. The man stated that he was a me of man. It is sometimes soiled in the chanic, and that a brakeman had thrown him from a train near Cincinworldly cares, bent and distorted by nati. He commenced to give a ramwrongs done and wrongs received; but bling story of his life. He said that every man was created in the image of he had worked for "Teddy" Roosevelt, enough for him, so he quit.

The man was taken to the Ham-When Tamerlane was in his wars, mond street police station and locked up. Judge Lueders sent a telegram to men. We spend hundreds of millions

# DROPPED DEAD ON GOLF LINKS.

Mansfield, O.-Col. B. F. Crawford, A lawyer, a scribe, a student and former president of the National Bis- when the influence and work of the teacher of the law, asked, "Master, cuit company, dropped dead on the which is the great commandment of golf links of the Country club here. day. We have well known examples the law?" Tempting him, testing him Col. Crawford had just returned to his of how gladly people flock to the to see what kind of an answer the old home in Mansfield from a year's standard of any man who shows himwise teacher would give to one of the tour of the world. He was 67 years of self a sturdy, uncompromising Chrisstock questions which divided the age and bern in Miami county. He tian citizen. And on the other hand Jewish teachers into rival schools, for resigned as president of the biscuit company about five years ago, but is tian, though he may be exalted to a still a heavy stockholder and director. high place, is soon weighted and

# BANK PRESIDENT ARRESTED.

is ours to give; to withhold it is unut- disobeying a supreme court order to We have a marvelous heritage; we terably mean. "The best thing in man appear as a witness in the United reap what we did not sow. But God is love, and God wants the best." Such States Independent Telephone case, forbid that we should prove faithless now on trial, Breckenridge Jones, man. Love is the most ennobling act president of the Mississippi Valley let us on this day call the roll of con-Trust Co., of St. Louis, arrested at the object and the more intense the Cazenovia, was brought to Rochester. Efforts were made to secure the atthus loves ennobled, purified, enlarged, tendance of Mr. Jones at the first trial in the telephone suits last spring, and, he can be a true citizen of a Christian nation. although served with a subpoena, he failed to appear.

# CHRISTIAN CITIZENSHIP

By REV. STEPHEN PAULSON Pittsburg, Pa.

Text: Our citizenship is in heaven.-In founding this republic our fathers established five institutions that seemed necessary to the development of a high order of manhood. Since here the common people were to be rulers it was plainly necessary to educate the multitude. No inventor commits his invention into the hands of an ignorant man, and our fathers feared to trust those powerful political tools, the ballot and free speech, into the hands of ignorant and untrained men. So they established the free school.

'a ney also founded the free press; believing that the citizen should be made acquainted with all that goes on in God's great world, that our people should not be ignorant peasants but citizens of the world. The result is the intelligent unity of a hundred million people and the breaking down of all sectional differences

They also established liberty and political equality. Not that all men are equal in strength of body or quality of lings \$4a5.25 intellect or power of personality, but that each man has an equal right to justice and self-development. The grass, the lily, and the oak are not equal in station, and, perhaps, not equal in usefulness, but are equal in their right to claim from soil and rain and sun what they need for growth and sustenance.

Our fathers emphasized the family, recognizing that all subsequent relationships are made or marred in the family circle. They looked upon this home as a miniature republic and they looked to earnest mothers for the sturdy and honest citizenship of the

The founders of the republic also believed most emphatically in a free noted prison men in the country. He church. They decreed that the Lord's became head of the prison on Novem- day should be a training day for the soul and conscience that men might grow fine and strong, and that great and true convictions might be developed. For the measure of power of a republic is not in its resources and wealth, but in the quality of manhood produced.

We have today many problems before us, as there always will be great con, 21 years old, died here in abject problems before a growing and propoverty after living a glittering life gressing nation; but our greatest need is a Christian citizenship. We need men who live and act the principles of Jesus Christ in our high offices, in places of responsibility, in the great marts of business. That it will be so. it is not an idealist's dream, but will be a realization of the future to which present indications point.

rules, the task of educating the rulers an advance in August cotton to 20 is simple. It means the teaching of cents, the highest price in a generagoing to eajoy every minute of time the members of a single family. In a tion, due to covering by shorts, but Her money began to run low, and, few thousand of the upper classes. In the crop advices put the cotton conseeing that the end of the purse and a republic the great peril is moral ig- dition as considerably better than Greeks. It is the German kaiser and him and deserted her. established our public schools for the Almost her last act was to give to training of the intellect, but unfortua little girl, whom she had befriended, nately we have eliminated morals and spiritual knowledge from the class The little girl was the only person room. Five or six hours every week The Jews, by using the coins, in so far of her acquaintance of more favored are given to mathematics for years, were served by the Roman govern- times that called at the hospital to because we must count money, and weigh sugar and salt, compute coal and measure land. Years for the study of mathematics; not one minute for the training of a child's morals and character. The president of the National Educational association affirmed in his annual address that there are ten millions of young people under 17 who never cross the threshold of a church.

We teach children that two and two make four, but not that it is wrong to falsify accounts. We teach them that fire burns in science, but not that the boy who tries to satisfy his desire for pleasure with sin, is like one who that hot water scalds, but we do not tell her that there are passions which indulged in will blight her very soul. Look at the jails filled with boys whom we allow to grow up like vandals. Consider the prisons crowded with young criminals. Look at the moral insensibility among our rich men and legislators, to whom truth and justice

should be sacred. We breed our own dangers through neglect. We spend vast energy in the discussion of the tariff on pig iron, as if with it the republic would survive of perish; but we neglect the souls of digging mud out of the rivers, while the mouths of our children spout mud, and the tenement houses ooze disease and crime. Surely there never was a time in the history of the republic church was needed more than it is towe see that a man who is not a Chrisfound wanting.

Our fathers laid well the foundations, but their work cannot be per-Rochester, N. Y .- As the result of fected without the fidelity of the sons. t the principles of our fathers. So viction which lie deep-rooted in true citizenship; and the first truth that meets us is that a man must be a citizen of the kingdom of God before

# THE MARKETS

Cincinnati Grain.

Wheat—No. 2 red \$1a1.03, No. 3 red 93a99c. Corn—No. 2 white 63½a 64c, No. 3 white 63a63½c, No. 2 yellow 62a62½c, No. 3 yellow 61½65c, No. 3 mixed 61a61½c, yellow ear 63a 65c, mixed ear 63a65c, white ear 62a Oats-No. 2 white 351/2a36c, No. 8 white 331/2 a34c, standard white 34a 34½c, No. 2 mixed 32½a33c, No. 3 mixed 32a32½c. Hay—No. 1 timothy \$17.25a17.75, No. 2 timothy \$15.75a 16.25, No. 3 timothy \$13.25a13.75, No. 1 clover mixed \$14.50a15, No. 2 clover mixed \$13a13.50. Barley-No. 2 spring 80a83c, No. 3 70a75c. Rye—No. 2 75a77c, No. 3 72a74c. Malt—Spring barley 87a90c.

Cincinnati Live Stock.

Cattle—Shippers \$6.25a7.15, butcher steers, extra \$6.10a6.50, good to choice \$5.25a6, heifers. extra \$5.10a5.25, good to choice \$4.25a5, cows, extra \$4.75a5, good to choice \$4a4.65. Bulls —Bolognas \$3.35a4.25, fat bulls \$4.25 a4.75. Calves-Extra \$9.50, fair to good \$7a9.25. Hogs—Selected heavy \$9.65a 9.75, good to choice packers and butchers \$9.75a9.89, mixed packers \$9.50a9.80, common to choice heavy fat sows \$6.25a8.25, light shippers \$9.65a 9.80, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$8.75a \$9.80 Sheep—Extra \$4.25, good to choice \$3.50a4.15. Lambs—Extra \$7.25a7.35, good to choice \$6a7.15, year-lings \$4.25 ?

Cincinnati Miscellaneous, Butter-Extras 321/2c lb, firsts 31c, fancy dairy 211/2c. Poultry-Hens 12c lb, spring chicken 131/2c, spring ducks 12c, turkeys 19c, geese 6a7c. Eggs-Prime firsts 23½c doz, firsts 21c. Apples—Maiden Blush \$4 bbl, fancy \$3, medium \$1.50a2. Huckleberries-\$3.50 a4 bu. Peaches—\$1.75a2.50 crate. Potatoes — Homegrown \$2a2.50 bbl, sweet \$2.50 bbl. Pears—Bartlett \$2.50 Plums-Wild Goose \$1a1.50 bu, abundant 75ca\$1.25, damsons \$1.50a 1.75 6-basket crate. Sugar Corn—8a 10c doz. String Beans-\$1a1.25 2-bu sack. Tomatoes-50a75c bu. Watermelons-15a25c each.

## WIDE ACTIVITY INDICATED

Decrease of Bank Clearings in New York City Cause of 15 Per Cent Loss as a Whole,

New York .- Dun's Review says: The movement in most departments of trade and industry is indicative of increased confidence and wider activity as the fall season draws near. While the August clearings, as a whole, were 15 per cent under those of 1900, this was due entirely to the big decrease in New York, for outside that city there was a small gain.

During the last week there has been a falling off of 32.5 per cent in New York and of 4.1 per cent outside. Railroad earnings in three weeks of August increased 6.1 per cent. The In a despetism where one family most striking event of the week was condition is, however, under that of

Further progress appears in iron and steel, the recent improvement in demand now becoming more impressive. Conditions in the pig iron division are distinctly better and higher prices are asked for next year's delivery, although some concessions are noted for early shipment. Sales of close to 70,000 tons have been made of late and several important inquiries are pending, which create a hopeful sentiment regarding prospects for a large fall business. In the finished lines, also, the situation is more encouraging, specifications being heavy in all departments.

A sensational advance in the August cotton option on Monday brought the highest price in over three decades, further covering by the short eats red-hot coals. We teach the girl account forcing quotations upward to 20 cents per pound. This development was whelly due to speculative influences and the new crop deliveries were not affected, some weakness appearing later in the week on prospects of a large movement and slightly better crop advices.

# Bradstreet's Review.

New York .-- Bradstreet's says: Best reports as to fall jobbing trade still come from the leading western cities, and there is apparent a fairly free movement of staples and and apreciable improvement in collections in the centers feeling the impetus of the unexampled movement of grain to market. At a few southern centers, too, there is a trifle more activity.

There were more failures in August than in any preceding month since March. The total, 934, was 8 per cent larger than in July this year, or than in August last year, though 7 per cent smaller than in August, 1908. Liabilities aggregated \$11,933,589, an increase of 42 per cent over August last year, but 53 per cent below August, 1908. New York City has 23 per cent more failures than in August a year

Wheat, including flour, exports from the United States and Canada for the week ending September 1, aggregate 1,924,188 bushels, against 1,293,914 bushels last week and 3,188,641 bushels this week last year. For the nine weeks ending September 1 exports are 12,265,573 bushels, against 17,216,846 bushels in the corresponding period last year.

Corn exports for the week are 216, 403 bushels, against 139,169 bushels last week and 177,939 bushels in 1909. For the nine weeks ending September 1 corn exports are 2,312,405 bushels, against 962,431 bushels last year

# Berea College

# FOR THE ASPIRING YOUNG PEO-PLE OF THE MOUNTAINS.

Places the BEST EDUCATION in reach of all.

Over 64 instructors, 1365 students from 27 states. Largest college library in Kentucky. NO SALOONS.

A special teacher for each grade and for each main subject. So many classes that each student can be placed with others like himself, where he can make most rapid progress.

# Which Department Will You Enter?

THE MODEL SCHOOLS for those least advanced. Same lectures library and general advantages as for more advanced students. Arithmetic and the common branches taught in the right way. Drawing, Singing, Bible Handwork, Lessons in Farm and Household Management, etc. Free text

TRADE COURSES for any who have finished fifth grade (fractions and compound numbers), Brickwork, Farm Management, Printing, Woodwork,

Nursing, Dressmaking, Household Management. "Learn and Earn." ACADEMY, REGULAR COURSE, 2 years, for those who have largely finished common branches. The most practical and interesting studies to fit a young person for an honorable and useful life.

CHOICE OF STUDIES is offered in this course so that a young man may secure a diploma in Agriculture and a young lady in Home Science. ACADEMY, COMMERCIAL, 1 year or 2 years to fit for business. Even

part of this course, as fall and winter terms, is very profitable. Small ACADEMY, PREPARATORY, 2, 3 and 4 year courses, with Latin, Ger

man, Algebra, History, Science, etc., fitting for college. COLLEGIATE, 4 years, Literary, Scientific and Classical courses, with use of laboratories, scientific apparatus, and all modern methods. The highest educational standards.

NORMAL, 3 and 4-year courses fit for the profession of teaching. First year, parallel to 8th grade Model Schools, enables one to get a first-class certificate. Following years (winter and spring terms) give the information, culture and training necessary for a true teacher, and cover branches neces eary for State certificate.

MUSIC, Singing (free), Reed Organ, Voice Culture, Plano, Theory, Band, may be taken as an extra in connection with any course. Small extra

# Expenses, Regulations, Opening Days.

Berea College is not a money-making institution. All the money re ceived from students is paid out for their benefit, and the School expends on an average upon each student about fifty dollars a year more than he pays in. This great deficit is made up by the gifts of Christian and patriotic people who are supporting Berea in order that it may train young men and women

OUR SCHOOL IS LIKE A FAMILY, with careful regulations to protect the character and reputation of the young people. Our students come from the best families and are earnest to do well and improve. For any who may be sick the College provides doctor and nurse without extra charge.

All except those with parents in Berea live in College buildings, and assist in work of boarding hall, farm and shops, receiving valuable training, and getting pay according to the value of their labor. Except in winter it is expected that all will have a chance to earn a part of their expenses. Write to the Secretary before coming to secure employment. PERSONAL EXPENSES for clothing, laundry, postage, books, etc., vary

with different people. Berea favors plain clothing. Our climate is the best, but as students must attend classes regardless of the weather, warm wraps and underclothing, umbrellas and overshoes, are necessary. The Co-operative Store furnishes books, toilet articles, work uniforms, umbrellas and other necessary articles at cost. LIVING EXPENSES are really below cost. The College asks no rent

for the fine buildings in which students live, charging only enough room rent to pay for cleaning, repairs, fuel, lights, and washing of bedding and towels. For table board, without coffee or extras, \$1.35 a week in the fall, and \$1.50 in winter. For room, furnished, fuel, lights, washing of hedding, 40 cents a week in fall and spring, 50 cents in winter,

SCHOOL FEES are two. First a "Dollar Deposit," as guarantee for return of room key, library books, etc. This is paid but once, and is returned when the student departs

Second an "Incidental Fee" to help on expenses for care of school buildings, hospital library, etc. (Students pay nothing for tuition or services of teachers-all our instruction is a free gift). The Incidental Fee for most students is \$5.00 a term, \$6 in Academy and Normal, and \$7.00 in Colle-

PAYMENT MUST BE IN ADVANCE, incidental fee and room rent by the term, board by the half term. Installments are as follows:

	Model	Vocational, Normal and	
FALL-	School	Academy	College
Incidental Fee	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00
Room	5.60	5.60	5.60
Board, 7 weeks	9.45	9.45	9.45
Amount due Sept. 14, 1910	\$20.05	\$21.05	\$22.05
Board for 7 weeks, due Nov. 2, 1910	9.45	9.45	9.45
Total for term	\$29.50	\$30.50	\$31.56
If paid in advance	\$29.00	\$30.00	\$31.00
Incidental Fee	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00
Room	6.00	6.00	6.00
Board, & weeks	9.00	9.00	9.00
Amount due Jan. 4, 1911	\$20.00	\$21.00	\$22.00
Board for 6 weeks, due Feb. 15, 1911.	9.00	9.00	9.00
Total for term	\$29.00	\$30.00	\$31.00
If paid in advance	\$28.50	\$29.50	\$30.50
Incidental Fee	\$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00
Room	4.00	4.00	4.00
Board, 5 weeks	6.75	6.75	6.75
Amount due March 29, 1911	\$15.75	\$16.75	\$17.75
Board for 5 weeks, due May 3, 1911	6.75	6.75	6.75
Total for term	\$23.50	\$23.50	\$24.50
If paid in advance	\$23.00	\$23.00	\$24.00

term receive back for money advanced as follows: (No allowance for fraction of a week.)

On board, refund in full.

On room and "Special Expenses," there is a large loss occasloned by vacant rooms or depleted classes, and the Institution will refund only one-half of the amount which the student has paid for the remaining

On Incidental Fee, students excused before the middle of a term will receive a certificate for one-half the incidental fee paid, which certificate will be received as cash by Berea College on payment of term bills by the stadent in person, or a brother or sister, if presented within four terms,

The first day of Fall term is September 14, 1910.

The first day of Winter term is January 4, 1911.

The first day of Spring term is March 29, 1911. For information or friendly advice, write to the Secretary,

> WILL C. GAMBLE, BEREA, KENTUCKY.



the Methodist church closed last Tuesday night. The attendance has been large and the meetings most

E. Owen and family left the 4th of Sept. for Paso Robles, California, where they expect to live for some

Deputy Sheriff W. A. Johnson, arrested Zeke Royston last Saturday at the Colored Baptist association in Farristown. He took one hundred bottles of whiskey and a pistol away from his prisoner and lodged him in the Richmond jail. Royston was tried Monday before Judge Shackleford. He pleaded guilty on two whiskey charges and was fined \$100 on each charge. A fine of \$100 and 30 days in jail at hard labor was also imposed for carrying the pistol. Geo. Broaddus, from whose buggy the whiskey was sold was also arrested and placed under a \$200 bond to appear Sept. 13th.

Prof. M. E. Marsh and family have returned from their visit among trip. friends in Clay County. They report an enjoyable time.

Mrs. J. M. Early was in Cincinnati for a few days of this week.

CREAM FLOUR **ECONOMY JARS** 

AT

WALTER ENGLE Berea, Ky. Phone 108

Prof. L. V. Dodge and wife returned on Monday, from a two week's visit in the southland. At Williamsburg, Ky., they were the guests of Mrs. L. D. Denham, a former Berea student and inmate of Prof Dodge's home. The longest part of the visit was at the home of Prof. Dodge's brother-in-law and sister-in law, Prof. and Mrs. G. W. Laurence at Unicoi, Tenn., in a beautiful valley of the mountains, close to the North Carolina line, Several days were spent at Knoxville, Tenn., which they report as a very attractive city. Berea. Both are much invigorated by the

Boone Cottage will be headquarters for young ladies of the Model Schools, with Miss Douglass as Teacher in

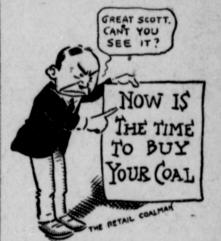
Eldean Patent Flour 70c. a bag cash, at

# W.J. Tatum's

Fresh Groceries

North Cor. Main St.

Kentucky



If you want to secure the lowest price of the year, buy winter's

If you want good service along with good coal permit us to fill your bin at or.cs.

# Holliday & Co. Phone 169 and 71 Berea, Ky.

Miss Welch arrived in Berea Wednesday morning, from her summer study and travel in Europe.

Mrs. Ridgeway, of the Library staff, is back in Berea after a few weeks

### FOR SALE OR RENT

Two of the most desirable, residence properties in Berea. Situated on Chestnut Street, with cement walks. One a ing assigned to young men of the col- six room house with cistern and for the Academy, arrived, Tuesday. legiate department, not including cellar. One a nine room house, well, cistern and large cellar. Room for garden or chickens. For terms apply to Mrs. Jennie Lester Hill, Berea, Ky.

# AN ORDINANCE

The City Council of the City of Berea, Kentucky, Do ordain as fol-

Sec. No. 1. That the corporate limlows, beginning at a point on the L. Some intruders have also invaded the & N. railroad where the corporate north of the Berea Depot, thence a excluding it, thence a southerly course to where the branch crosses Hugh L. White, Navel cadet, former the Berea and Wallaceton turnpike, thence a straight line, a southerly course, to the residence of Laura Spence on the Berea and Asbury road, thence a straight line to the L. & N. railroad bridge where it crosses brushy fork at J. W. Fowler's farm, thence down said creek with the meanders thereof to the corporate line of Berea.

> J. L. Gay, Mayor. E. F. Coyle, Clerk.

# When You Think of

Drugs, Chemicals, Sick Room Supplies, Trusses, Crutches, Toilet Articles Perfumes, Box Candy, Stationery, Silveraware, Kodaks, Jewelry, Watches,

THINK OF US

# Porter Drug Company

Berea, Kentucky

Prof. John W. Peck, the new Instructor in Mathematics and Science Prof. Peck is a graduate of the University of Nebraska, and also of all occupied already. the University of Chicago. For the past seven years he has been Supt.

of schools in Douglas, Wyoming. Mr. T. H. Horton, who used to of the Academy. work in the college woodwork depart- The cattle law has been poorly enment, and whom many will remember as the bass singer of the college quartette, writes from Stillwater, Oklahoma.

Miss Estella Bicknell left Wednesday for Cleveland, Ohio, where she will visit relatives for several days.

Miss Etta Lewis left Wednesday for an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. Everitt Todd, at Goodfield, Ill.

Dr. and Mrs. Cowley have been at New York Mills, N. Y., since their return from Europe. They go from there to Rochester to visit a sister of Mrs. Cowley and then to Lorain. Ohio., to visit Dr. Cowley's people for a few days. They expect to arrive returned Friday from a six weeks in Berea at noon, Saturday, the 10th. Mrs. Cowley is almost entirely recovered and expects to be quite her

The rooms in Pearsons Hall are be-Freshman Literary, and are nearly

Howard Hall is renovated throughout and is practically a new building. It will be reserved for young men

lege lawns have been badly trodden by stock, whose owners seemed its of this city be extended as folto have turned them loose at night. privacy of Ladies' Hall grounds. Con-line now crosses the said railroad equently temporary wires are being strung for protection, which will al- | westerly course to R. W. Todd's farm so shield hedges and plants to be set in the fall.

Berea student, expects to visit Berea this fall, after seeing home folks at Burning Springs. He says Annapolis does not have such good lectures and other general advantages as Berea.

Prof. Raine and children arrived in Berea from their vacation, Wednesday morning. Mrs. Raine is in Oberlin for a few days visit on her way home, Mr. Clare Canfield is home from his vacation.

Spangler, Maggie Taulbee, John Mar-

Miss Lucy Smith, of Brooklyn, N.

credit for a very pleasant evening on

the President's lawn last Saturday.

and enjoyed a good time together.

Lemon sherbet, cookies, and fudge

Mr. Davidson will lead the Chris-

tian Endeavor meeting next Sunday

night at the Union church. Every one

Mrs. Taylor is steadily improving

and it is hoped that she will soon

be well. Mr. Taylor will return this

Mr. and Mrs. Lindsley and family

week, reaching Berea, Friday night.

visit with their home folks at Corn-

Porter's, Friday evening, 7 o'clock.

MAIN STREET

a party of about thirty met there

lett and Horace Caldwell.

were served.

is cordially invited.

ing, N. Y., and vicinity.

Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, Men's, Women's and Children's Furnishings

RHODUS & HAYES

The Quality Store

BEREA, KY.

### Y., formerly Mr. J. R. Rogers' stenographer, arrived Saturday to enter GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES school and do stenographic work for Dean Ellis this year. To Katherine Johnson is due the

Mr. Arvid Siler is spending a few

Berea and Vicinity.

DR. BEST.

DENTIST

CITY PHONE 153

DAN H. BRECK

Insurance

WANTED-All the fresh country

Prof. E. C. Seale was in Lexington,

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Spence vis-

Mr. Hal Brewer was in town Sun-

Mr. Louis Parks of Cincinnati vis-

Miss Ida Lewis left Thursday for

Mr. Joe Bender was in town over

Miss Lillian Ambrose left Monday

for Chicago. She will be a student

at Moody Institute for the coming

Miss E. K. Corwin, who has spent

Mrs. Sallie Adams, who has been

Missouri and Villa Grove, Ill., return-

ed to Richmond last Monday, and, af

ter visiting a few days there with

her daughter, returned to Berea,

week from Salyersville. She will be

Mr. Carl Kirk was in town Tues-

in school here during the year.

Miss Maggie Taulbee arrived last

ited here and at Hugh for several

Vanceburg for an extended visit.

ited relatives in town at the first

J. S. Gott, Depot Street.

the latter part of last week.

Richmond, Ky.

Phone 505

of the week.

Thursday.

day night.

days of last week.

butter. Top prices.

days at his home in Tennessee before school opens. A big remnant sale going on this

week at Welch's. Miss Margaret Dizney, who has been OFFICE OVER RACKET STORE spending the summer in Ashland, Ili.,

came home Saturday. Mr. Will Parks, who had been very ill for a long time died last Wednesday night at the home of his sister, Fire, Life and Accident Mrs. Mary Click, near Whites Station. Funeral services were conducted in the Baptist church by Rev. W. P. Wilks. The burial was in the Berea

> cemetery FOR SALE-Eight room house, about one acre lot, good well and barn W. H. Bower. \$1,000.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Livengood have returned from their vacation, spent at Ravenna, and, Mount Vernon, O. Secretary Gamble was in Cincinnati, Tuesday.

Dr. Frost returned last Thursday and immediately plunged into arrange ments for the Fall opening.

FARM FOR SALE-50 acres. 25 acres in woodland, 25 in cultivation. Good house, good barn, plenty of water. A mile and a half from Berea. Price 800 dollars. For particulars see or write W. J. Blanton, Berea, Ky.

A good chance for bargains in the remnant sale at Welch's this week. John Guinn is very ill this week.

Mildred and Henry, the little children of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Kinnard, the greater part of the summer at gave a jolly party to about forty of Lake Chautauqua, returned to Berea, their young friends Saturday afternoon. A bounteous supply of refreshments were served and the children visiting for the past two months in enjoyed the occasion very much.

> Miss Pattie Moyers, who has been in the Hospital with typhoid for some time, is able to be out again.

> Prof. Raine will preach at the Union church, Sunday morning, the 11th. Miss Kate Coddington returned last week from Roanoke, Va., bringing her mother with her. They will occupy rooms in the Pasco house.

Don't fail to see the bargains in laces, embroideries, braids, trimmings, dress fabrics, and the very best and latest in linens, shantungs-and don't forget the chinaware at

EARLY'S

For Good Clothing,

The County Fair at Mrs. W. H. former self by the time she gets

home.

BUY FROM

# A Good Example

"I am a good example," writes Mrs. R. L. Bell, of McAlester, Okla., "of what Cardui will do for suffering

I suffered with my head and back, for over six years, and although I tried everything, I never could get anything to do me any good, until I began to take Cardui.

"Cardui has surely helped me and built me up and I am so thankful that I have found something that will do me good. I feel so much stronger and better than I have in a long time.'

It is well to make up your mind before you are sick what medicine you will take when you are sick.

# The Woman's Tonic

You will be glad to take it when you are tired, miserable and when life seems a weary grind. It will put new thoughts into your head, fresh courage into your mind. If not sick now, at least burn Cardui on to the pages of your memory, so that when you are sick you will ask for it without thinking.

If sick or weak, get a bottle today. At all druggists.

Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Teas Decial Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Womes," sunt free.

# BEREA'S BARGAIN COUNTER

(Continued from First Page)

some less pleasant and less profitable way if you do not put it in for education. These courses make a man acquainted with the great minds of all ages, the course of human history and inspirations of the world. Such a private and public life. Every high remember it now. school teacher, magistrate, or mother of great men should take one of

And Berea offers two still longer and the Classical course.

the musical instrument for the home, the Sunday school, and the church. Berea owns the cabinet organ which credit for ourselves, but in gratitude Mr. McGranahan used in Evangelistic to God who has done it all. meetings for many years. It gives the best and quickest training for the use of this beautiful instrument-

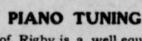
Kentucky. There is pleasure and profit for the girls who get this training and have it to use in their home communities.

# THANKSGIVING

My wife and I naturally think of progress, the inventions, discoveries, our first coming to Berea in the fall of 1892. Only a few college workers, course is the highest pleasure and like Osborne and Miss Douglas, and self-indulgence, And it fits a man for a few citizens, like Samuel Hanson the service of his fellow men in both and Frank Hays and Dr. Cornelius

We came in faith. We believed that it was God's purpose to enable Berea College to bless the people of this region, and we have seen that purpose courses for those of largest talent more and more fulfilled. Less than and ambition, the Scientific course, fifty students met us at the opening of that first fall term. Next week we F. The "Cabinet Organ"-This is expect nearly a thousand to be in the chapel Wednesday morning. We do not mention it to claim the least

And can you realize how burdened we feel at this new beginning of our work? A big family is more blessed less sharp, costly and pretentious than than a small one, but it costs more a plano-and for one third the cost of of both anxiety and money. Berea is such instruction at other places in just as dependent upon God's bless-



Prof. Rigby is a well equipped, experienced tuner and all work dead. You have had some trouble is guaranteed.

# Special Rates,

After that \$3; four tunings within one year \$5. This is the best way to care for a piano.



# HOW CAN HOME BE HAPPY

when the food is not of the best? Try a sack of Cream of Wheat quainted. Note below the reduction flour and know the joy of eating fine bread, biscuits, cakes, etc. If all your other food is as good as that baked from Cream of 12, arriving at Cincinnati 7:15 a. m., Wheat flour you certainly are to next morning. be envied. Order a sack to-day

BEREA ROLLER MILLS

ANDREW ISAACS, Prop.

# **Timber Lands Wanted**

We are in the market for two tracts of timber land of from 5,000 to 20,000 acres.

Owners must write us immediately stating price, terms and location.

# Porter-Howell Co.

Berea, Kentucky

guide the hearts of this great army of young people. And he must give the daily bread for their support. Berea did not have money enough for the work we felt must be done in 1892 and the first thing I did as President of the college was to sign a note at the bank and borrow money. Today we have more money and more buildings, but still last year students had to live four in a room. We have bought the Dodge place and other property so as to have room for growth, and built a new heat and power plant. We did it in faith, borrowing the money, and, as I come home from absence, again my first official act is to sign a note at the bank. God keeps us still in the school of economy and prayer.

The blessed thing is that the Lord has been with us. He has given us fall if they are desirous of attending has brought us gifted and devoted men and women as college workers. Our chapel has resounded with the voices of some of the greatest of God's messengers on earth. And students of ours have spread these blessings in every county in Kentucky and every state in the Union. Praise ye the Lord.

In humble gratitude, Wm. Goodell Frost.

# MOTHER

The school begins at Berea next Wednesday, September 14, and your son and daughter have been wanting

You have studied over the matter and hesitated perhaps. The Institution makes the expenses as low as possible, and still it takes some money to send them. And then you will miss their help in the house and on the farm. And besides that you will miss their company. You hate to let them go away from home. You would not be a true parent if you did not feel these things.

But look at the other side. "Nothing hazard, nothing have." You will never know what is in that boy and can take the best care of them, and girl unless you give them a chance to develop it in a good school. The fact proved by having them out of the that they want to go shows that they ought to go, and that they will improve the time if you send them. You may well be thankful that you have children who desire an educa-

Suppose you deny them now, and that a little later the boy gets into bad company, or the girl runs off with some worthless fellow--you could never forgive yourself for not sending them to school when they want-

They will need education more than they will need property after you are yourself for lack of education. They will have ten times more need of it than you have had.

Remember that the teachers in a school where Jesus Christ is the model will be like fathers and mothers to your children. Send them on, and follow them with your prayers.

# R. R. GUIDE

(Continued from First Page)

may be coming together to get acgiven on all roads south of the Ohio. Read Carefully.

FROM CHICAGO via BIG FOUR, leaving from Lake Front at 12th Street at 9:05 p. m., Monday, Sept.

FROM CLEVELAND via Big Four, leaving Union Depot on Lake Front and be sure it is Cream of Wheat and Bank Sts. 9:00 p. m., Monday, Sept. 12, arriving at Cincinnati 6:40 a. m., next morning.

FROM CINCINNATI via L. & N., leaving Central Station, Central Ave. and 3rd St. 8:00 a. m., Tuesday, Sept. 13. Train arrives at Berea 12, noon. CHICAGO AND CLEVELAND parties and others from long distances are advised to buy thru tickets to

Berea. SOUTHERN ROADS give a rate of two thirds fare for parties of ten or more traveling on one ticket. These parties may be made up by ANYONE and from ANY POINT.

FROM JOHNSON CITY, TENN., via SOUTHERN, leaving at 3:28 p. m., Tuesday, Sept. 13, arriving at Knoxville 6:40 p. m. Leaving KNOXVILLE via L. & N. 10:55 p. m., arriving at Berea 3:47 next morning.

FROM APPALACHIA, VA., via L. & N., leaving at 6:45 a. m., Tuesday, 13, arriving at Berea 1:29 p. m. L SHOULD BE ON HAND at t one hour before train is scheduled to leave, in order to procure the ticket in a body, check baggage, etc., which cannot be done until all are present.

If any one is late it may cause him to pay full fare.

Sincerely yours, Will C. Gamble.

# SPECIAL ENTRANCE RULE

Residents of Berea are reminded of the special rule adopted three years ago that any young person whose masters' Association, which includes

ing as ever. He must enable us to home is in Berea, and who does not Presidential offices, and the State government undertaking in Washenter the Institution in the Fall Term League of Postmasters of Third and ington's name, and he was told, afwill not be received in the Winter Fourth class offices, to hold a joint ter the deeds were made out, that Term.

The purpose of this rule is to 14th and 15th. The League will meet would simply have to accept it. But feast for the fall and winter, and to ness as pertains to League affairs The whole nation seemed in a conprevent the over-crowding of the winter term.

This is for the benefit of the students. Students advance much more rapidly when they can go to school postal affairs. continuously. It is bad for them, and bad for the classes they enter, to change from the public to give instructions. The new Money undying respect and admiration for a year. Students from outside Berea fully explained. Every Postmaster have to teach or for other reasons are should attend as they will learn more Berea can just as well begin in the learn otherwise. peace and love for one another. He the Institution at all. It is better for any family to have one child in the Institution for the entire year, than to have two children in for a part of the year. And everyone should understand that if a person can only attend part of a year the fall is in every way the best part.

### THE CUCKOO'S NESTLING

It is said that a cuckoo lays its WORD WITH FATHER AND and the young cuckoo, being bigger the nest.

So it is in a district school all the teachers time, and the little scholars are neglected. The big scholars get little good themselves. They have been over the same things again and again. What they need is to go to a larger school where they will meet the best young people from other places and get stirred up by a little competition.

Berea College, in all its departments, opens September 14th, and we hope the young cuckoos, or the straggling big scholars, in several hundred school districts will start away from home to school. Berea the home school will be greatly im-

### RALLYING SONG FOR OPENING DAY

Tune: "Scots who hae wi' Wallace

Hear the soul inspiring call Glad proclaim to students all Opening Day in early fall At Old Berea.

Here's the place and now's the hour Stores to gain of Wisdom's power. Worthier far than rich man's dower At Old Berea.

Lesser toils are now laid by. Courage gleams in every eye, At Old Berea.

Light the fires on every hill; Spread the news with right good

Learning's lamp glows brighter still At Old Berea.

J. W. Dinsmore. La Pointe, Wisconsin,

August 8, 1910.

# MISS ROBINSON WRITES

Meredith, N. H.

Sept. 1, 1910.

Dear Citizen:

Just before I left Hanover, I visited the Blue Mountain Deer Park. This park is eleven miles long and the fence around it measures more than twenty-five miles. In the park are, probably, more than a thousand deer. There are also a herd of 107 buffaloes. There are only two larger herds in the United States. We saw several deer, but our party was too large to get close enough to the buffaloes to see them. The deer are rather wild, beause they are hunted a good deal. They are wilder than the ordinary wild deer of the State, because the latter are protected by our game laws nearly the whole year. I saw a pretty sight the other day. It was a baby porcupine clinging to a white birch which it was climbing. A little later I saw one of the old ones. I think they live in the rocks

on a hill in my wood-lot. Coming home from a long walk recently my way took me over a high hill. From its top I could see blue hills in nearly every direction. From north to south, I could see at least sixty miles, and more than half as much territory from east to west. From another hill, a few days before, I had a glorious view of about thirty miles or more radius around about three quarters of the horizon. Mountains, lakes, farms, and a prosperous city were all in range of vision.

Vacation is nearly over, and we shall soon be in Berea. Josephine A. Robinson.

# POSTMASTERS TO MEET

In Louisville, Sept. 13, 14 and 15.

It has been decided by the Post-

encourage students to enter the Insti- at 2 o'clock p. m. on the 13th, for he still refused inexorably. It was a only.

of the Post-office Department present patriotic; but he won the nation's school to the college in the middle of Order and Registry systems will be his determination not to make monforced to come for winter and spring than they would in years at home, that of some of the legislators and only, but young people who live in and many things they would never

# THE TIME TO BUY COAL

There has been a 25c. rise in the price of coal in the last ten days. That is the amount of your loss.

There will be another 25c. rise in few days. Will that represent your loss? See Holliday, the coal man.

### HONOR TO WASHINGTON

After the Revolution, Congress votegg in the nest of a small sparrow ed to Washington a statue and a maneuvering has already begun which large sum of money. He at once de- is soon to develop into a hot fight than the young sparrows, gets their clared that he would not accept a in Louisville. Mr. R. W. Bingham, an food and often turns them out of single cent. They reminded him that independent Democrat and nominee of without pay, and plead earnestly to of Appeals, is back from his vacation where one or two big scholars take win his consent, but in vain. Then and ready for the fray. The contest the sum which had been voted was is also expected to be a warm one in invested by order of Congress in some the Congressional race.

meeting this year in Louisville, Sept. now it was too late to refuse-he tution for the entire year, or at the purpose of transacting such busi- gift, but he felt it to be like a bribe. spiracy to heap riches upon him; but On the 14 and 15th the Association it could not be done without his conand League will hold a joint meet- sent, and he said "No" to the last. ing for the purpose of discussing He may have acted unwisely, according to the modern view, which is un-There will be several representatives fortunately more commercial than ey out of his official position. His attitude is in the sharpest contrast to officials of these days, who are keenly alive to the opportunities that arise to enrich themselves secretly. IT IS THE TRUTH-NOW IS With Congress and several of our State legislatures investigating wholesale bribery charges and other forms of official corruption, we are reminded of the fact that we have fallen on degenerate days, as far as the standard of public honor and official integrity is concerned .- The Christian Herald.

> POLITICS IN LOUISVILLE:-The he had served eight and a half years the Republicans for Judge of the Court

# Berea National Bank.

at the close of business, Sept. 1st, 1910.	Lent
RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts\$103,614	62
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured 651	86
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation 25,000	00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures 8,000	00
Other real estate owned 3,100	
Due from approved reserve agents 19,473	55
Checks and other cash items 532	
Exchanges for Clearing House 1,545	00
	20
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK VIZ:	
Specie\$7,811 15	
Legal-tender notes 2,277 00 10,088	15
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of	200
circulation)	00
Тотац 173,278	STATE OF THE PARTY.
LIABILITIES	

Capital stock paid in .....\$25,000 00

Surplus fund...... 9,996 17

Individual deposits subject to check ................. 112,836 47

National Bank notes outstanding.....

Certified Checks..... Тотац...... 173,278 53 State of Kentucky, County of Madison, 88: I, J. L. Gay, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. L. GAY, Cashier. Correct-Attest: J. W. Fowler, Wright Kelley, S. R. Baker, Directors. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of Sept., 1910. G. D. Holliday, Notary Public.

# Second Annual Letter To Property Owners.

The time to cover that house is on hand. Hundreds of property owners are on the fence. They know they must have a new roof—but what to buy is the question. They have been fooled so often—every roofman sells "the best." Of course I tell you my roof is better than anyone else's—but don't ask me—ask my customers. They sell my roofs as fast as I can put them on-see what one of them says:-

C. A. (Bose) Moore says: "To have Lengfellner cover a dwelling house with Galvanized Metal is a better investment by \$50.00 than to employ some one else who claims he can do it just as good as Leng-fellner."

# What Are the Reasons for Such a Strong Statement?

I Mr. Moore tried others and tried me. He knows that my roofing weighs about 25lbs. more per square than the cheap Galvanized roofing that floods the market now. Galvanized Steel is sold for 4cts per lb. I give \$1.00 more actual value to begin with. Body to them.

II I order the very best of Galvanized Steel. Since my agreement with the mills, viz. to return every defective sheet at their expense or discount the invoice \$1.25 for each defective square shipped to me, the mills cannot but send the very best they can produce. This is worth from \$0.50 to \$1.00 per square to property owners. Quality to them.

III My double standing seam and solid cross locks make my roof absolutely a perfect protection against the elements. My roofs are Rain, Hail, Snow, Sleet, Wind, Lightning and Fire proof. You will have no trouble to get a good rate of insurance. They are the best insurance in themselves. Protection to them.

IV My Roof is a permanent Roof. Each sheet is tightly and secretly anchored with double strength reinforced cleats. It cannot blow off. Provision is made for expansion and contraction. Science to them.

V My tin plate finish gives my Galvanized Roofs a nice and neat appearance. 25 to 30 years from now when you begin to paint them no one can tell them from an \$8.00 per square tin plate roof. Class to them. VI If anything should get wrong with the roofs I put on any tinner

VI If anything should get wrong with the roofs I put on any tinner can repair them with the least expense because fundamentally they are put on right. Those roofs put on with sticks or what not, by workmen who can do just as good as Lengfellner, are as a rule fundamentally wrong. It costs about \$2.00 per square to pull them off and put them back, the way I put my new roof on now. You also lose a lot of roofing and after all you have a second hand roof. I pull off lots of those cheaply put on Galvanized roofs. Yes, some I put on. For I nor any one else can make a tight job out of ready-made Galvanized roofing. I had to quit buying ready made roofing. Since I buy flat sheets and make my own roofing and double seam them I can guarantee every job to give perfect and permanent satisfaction. Any trouble I can correct easily without any expense to the owner. Workmanship to them.

For these and many other reasons hundreds of property owners

For these and many other reasons hundreds of property owners have learned that my \$5.00 Galvanized roof is a good investment, while those \$3.00 Galvanized roofs put on in a cheap way are a continual expense. Mr. Moore's statement is about right.

# HENRY LENGFELLNER, Tinner.

Phone No. 170-2

BEREA, KY.

P. S. Have on hand several thousand feet Guttering, Warm air Furnaces, Plenty of Galvanized sheets bought at the right price.
Slate and high grade Composition Roofing, Skylights, Tanks, Ceiling, etc.

# The Citizen

A family newspaper for all that is right true and interesting.

Published every Thursday at Berea, Ky. BEREA PUBLISHING CO.

. P. Faulkner, Editor and Manager. Subscription Rates

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE 

Send money by Post-office or Express Money

Draer, Drait, Registered Action, of Sac and two Bent stamps.

The date after your name on label shows to what date your subscription is paid. If it is not changed within three weeks after renewal notify us. Missing numbers will be gladly supplied if we re notified.

Fine premiums cheap with new subscriptions and prompt renewals. Send for Premium List.

Liberal terms given to any who obtain new absoriptions for us. Any one sending us four early subscriptions can recieve The Citizen free or himself for one year.

Advertising rates on application.

MEMBER OF RENTUCKY PRESS ASSOCIATION.



Humor as a seventh sense is good sense not to be disregarded.

When ordering hobble skirts specify whether they are to force a trot of

Two New York young men threw dice for a girl. We pity both men and the girl.

Any hope is vain that the new hobble skirt is warranted to check extravagance.

A New York woman committed sub cide at 91, proving once more that this is an impatient age.

Sent to prison for an undignified attempt at suicide! Did any one ever find a real dignified means?

The old war between blondes and brunettes is to be renewed. You cannot dodge the issue this time.

An Ohio farmer has found that snakes destroy potato bugs. We would prefer not to raise potatoes.

Another great aviation meet is to be held in France soon. Funeral arrangements have not been made.

Each new Gotham breach of promise suit seems to produce mushier love letters than any marked Exhibit A be-

French telephone girls say "I listen." The American kind couldn't do that without telling whoppers, now and then.

A horse named Big Stick has recently been winning races. With client, John R. Walsh. When arrange-

"The meaning of money" is a new book. Most people disclaim the need of book knowledge on that subject.

recently because the food was poor. the note which the attorney was to This should serve as a warning to the turn over to Miller. managers of some of the summer re-

A Pueblo (Col.) educator says every child is born a liar. But let him cheer up. Some of them out-

"Flirting," says an eminent educator, "is woman's safety valve." Does a safety valve have a siren at tachment?

German gun factories are swamped with orders, in spite of the fact that seroplanes are about to make war impossible.

With no kissing in moving pictures, parks, street cars and public railway stations, where is a poor fellow going to?

We may need a two and one-half, cent piece, but we certainly allowed the three-cent piece to perish in inccuous desuetude.

"Smile, when you get up in the morning," advises an optimist. But you'd better straighten out your face, while you're shaving.

A Pennsylvania woman, aged 83, took her first ride on a train the other day. She may be expected to tackle bicycle riding next.

A substitute for radium is being offered, so be sure, when you order to get the original, with the maker's name blown upon the bottle.

Thanks to the general use of the typewriter, the newspaper editor very seldom now sticks his mucilage brush into the ink bottle, as he used to do.

One of the college professors thinks girls giggle because they are myo. it merely because they felt foolish

Two New York men shook dice to decide which should have the girl they loved. It doesn't sound half as romantic as the old-fashioned duel with swords or pistols.

# ACCUSED OF

ALLEGATIONS MADE ENWARD C. RITSHER TOOK MONEY RUN-NING INTO THOUSANDS.

BELOIT COLLEGE IS VICTIM

Sald to Have Been Mulcted of \$127,000 -Money Sunk in Wall Street-Client and Partners Lose-Suicide le Hinted At.

Chicago.—Edward C. Ritsher, per-sonal counsel for John R. Walsh during his fight against government prosecution and who died last June, is accused of being a defaulter to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The accusation made public Thursday comes upon the people of Chicago as suddenly as did the news of the death of John R. Walsh's favorite counselor. The charges which attack the good name of the dead lawyer are many-branched and involve double lealing with his law partners, appropriating a fee from one of them, em-bezzling from Beloit college trust funds, of which he had the custody, and robbing Mr. Walsh at the time when he was the most trusted confidant in the defense of the banker.

Trustees of Beloit college, of which Ritsher was custodian of securities, and the deceased attorney's legal associates decided to suffer whatever losses they may have sustained in stlence and not to air the charges against the noted lawyer.

Discovery of Ritsher's alleged duplicity was made shortly before his death. While in New York he was summoned to Chicago by his partners and asked to make restitution and explanation. Ritsher left New York, making an appointment to meet his partners in Chicago. He arrived here two or three days before the date of the appointment. He died suddenly, within less than twenty-four hours of the time set for his meeting with his partners.

Here are some of the allegations that are made against the dead attor-

That securities belonging to Beloit college and valued at \$127,000, which were in Ritsher's keeping, disappeared. John R. Walsh came to the rescue, giving Ritsher \$27,000, which was turned over to the college. Ritsher then gave a note for \$100,000 to the college secured by 18 of his best friends.

That, after Ritsher's law firm had ione a vast amount of work on the Walsh case, his partners asked if some financial return could not be ob-Walsh was "hard up" and could not give them any money at the time. Walsh, however, had paid him a fee of \$170,000 and an additional fee of his partners.

That Ritsher converted to his own to secure the two notes of \$25,000.

That Ritsher "double-crossed" his Lorimer. ments were being made for swearing out the writ of certiorari in the United States Supreme court Walsh gave his note for \$25,000, and with it \$50,000 worth of securities as collateral. At the same time he made out a note for \$25,000, payable to John S. Miller, another of his attorneys, and gave Sailors on a German ship mutinied Ritsher \$50,000 worth of securities for

### RAILWAY OFFICIAL KILLS

Is Attacked by a Discharged Employee and Shoots Dead the Wouldbe Slaver.

St. Paul, Minn.-Alfred G. Ray, chief special agent of the Great Northern railway, Tuesday shot and killed Charles P. Welsh, a former subordinate in the Great Northern offics building at St. Paul after Welsh had fired five shots at Ray. Welsh was about 45 years old and

had been dismissed by Ray about two months ago for shooting a man at Duluth. Since that time Welsh had been expressing vindictive feelings to Ray. Welsh met Special Officer John Lane of the Great Northern railway at the headquarters building and be gan to revile Ray, saying he would

'get" him. Lane told Welsh to keep quiet, as he would not allow Welsh to speak disrespectfully of his superior officer, whereupon Welsh turned his wrathful utterances against Lane.

Before Ray appeared at his office Welsh walked in and inquired of Chief Clerk Hess if there was any mail. On being told there was nothing for him. Welsh said he would return in a day or two. Shortly afte :ward Ray entered his office and Welsh returned. As soon as he opened the door he drew a revolver from his pocket and began to fire at Ray. At the fifth shot Ray succeeded in getting his weapon into action and with one shot killed Welsh.

Spanish War Veterans Adjourn. Denver, Col .-- After electing officers and selecting Oklahoma City, Okla., as the next meeting place, the convention of the Spanish War Veterans adjourned Thursday. Joseph R. H. away automobile as they were leaving We have always supposed they Jacoby of Seattle, Wash., was elected the Prinz Regenten theater Tuesday. commander-in-chief.

Trade Grows \$5,000,000.

Washington.-Total imports and exports of the United States for July were about \$5,000,000 in excess of those for July last year, according to uniform the law regarding transfer of of the doath. He was born in First Reformed church of Groveville, the bureau of statistics.

IS THIS TO BE THE SOLUTION OF THE FORESTRY PROBLEM? COAL STRIKE IS AT AN END



TELLS OF NEW \$60,000 BRIBE FUND IN SENATORIAL BRIBERY CASE.

PEORIA MAN IS INVOLVED

Grand Jury Probing Perjury Charges In Connection With Browne Trial Indict Former Aid of State's Attorney-More Indictments Expected.

Chicago.—A sensation was created in the Lee O'Nell Browne trial Wednesday when the name of Edward Hull of Peoria was mentioned in connection with an alleged request telegraphed from Springfield for \$60,000 two days before the election of Sena-

tor Lorimer. Charles A. White, recalled by the tained, and Ritsher told them that state in rebuttal, made the statement concerning Hull and the \$60,000 fund. White testified that the information

was given him by William Rossell, an important witness for the defense. \$50,000, which Ritsher concealed from He told of meeting Rossell and of a conversation they had in which White asked Rossell where the money came use the securities given by Mr. Walsh from that is alleged to have been used to bribe legislators to vote for

"that while in Springfield he had heard of a telegram being sent to Edward Hull of Peoria two days before the election of Senator Lorimer requesting Hull to start at once for Springfield with \$60,000."

Attorneys for the defense started from their chairs at these words and a commotion in court followed.

Patrick J. Keeley, suspended detective, former aid who turned against State's Attorney Wayman, was indicted on a charge of perjury by the special grand jury called by the prosecutor to investigate perjury charges in the Browne case.

Rumors were rife that before the case of Browne could go to the jury half a dozen more indictments, involving persons closely connected with the trial would be voted. The indictment of Keeley came just as the Browne defense had closed its case.

After Browne closed his defense State's Attorney Wayman attacked his case. Residents of East St. Louis were placed on the stand before Judge Kersten to impeach the testimony given by George Gloss, a motorman, who was one of the most important witnesses for the defense. The state's witnesses swore they would not believe Gloss under oath.

A fist fight between State's Attorney Wayman and Attorney Erbstein was narrowly averted in the trial.

The state's attorney was called trickster by the attorney for the de-

fense. He retorted hotly. In a moment Attorneys O'Donnell and Forrest were on their feet to support their colleague, while the state's attorney's force joined in the hubbub

New York Gains 38.7 Per Cent. Washington.-According to official census figures given out of the thirteenth census Thursday, the popula tion of the city of New York is 4,766,-883, as compared with 3,437,202 in 1900, and 2,507,414 in 1890. The increase from 1900 to 1910 therefore is 1.329.681, or 38.7 per cent.

American Woman Is Killed. Munich, Bavaria.-Miss Rose Buckingham of San Francisco was killed and Miss Agnes Roos of the same city was severely injured by a run-

Asks Uniform Stock Law. Chattanooga, Tenn.-At the Ameriean Bar association meeting here Wednesday the committee on uniform

corporation stock.

# COOK AFTER POLE RECORDS by the union.

EXPLORER AGAIN MAKING DASH FOR FROZEN NORTH.

Goes in Search of Papers and Instruments Which He Says Will Exonerate Him.

Copenhagen, Denmark.-Dr. Frederick A. Cook, discredited in the eyes held between the miners and operof the world by the findings of the University of Copenhagen in regard to ment was offered by the operators. the explorer's claim of having reached It was far better then any which had tured with criticism of everything the top of the world.

From Goodhayn, Greenland, there parently beyond doubt that the Brooklyn surgeon is making his way north- linois miners, sent speakers out into it, we know, but this does not prevent ward in the effort to find records and the field to argue against its accept it from being true, that a city is what instruments he is said to have left ance in the frozen north.

By these records and instruments Doctor Cook hopes to establish his contention that he was at the north pole a year ahead of Commander Robert E. Pearv.

It is stated in the letter that the Brooklyn man has expressed himself as confident of being able to convince the world he is entitled to full credit as the original discoverer of the pole and to force the scientists at the University of Copenhagen to reverse

In this respect the writer of the letter asserts that among the residents of Greenland there exists the belief that every claim made by Doctor Cook in connection with his dash DEATH THREAT IN I. C. CASE sewer connection, gas pipes, plumbing northward is based upon fact and that the explorer will be enabled so

to prove. An American steamer bound south ward recently dropped anchor in Goodhaven harbor, says the letter, and from the captain and crew was obtained further confirmation of the report that Doctor Cook had started a second dash northward with the object of obtaining the proof which he expects will set him right before the

# TAFT PLEADS FOR HARMONY

In Campaign Letter He Applauds Work of Congress and Tells Plan of Fixing Tariff.

New York. - President Taft's keynote letter addressed to William B. McKinley of Illinois, chairman of the Republican congressional committee, and was given out by the New York headquarters of the committee.

In it the president defends the Payne tariff law, but acknowledges that there are parts of it which may be amenable to change.

His plan for getting at the inequalitariff commission, and then revision by individual schedules. He thinks that by this means the statute may uneasiness in the business world.

"It seems to me," says Mr. Taft, "that all Republicans-conservative, progressive and radical-may well Monday. abide the situation with respect to the tariff until evidence now being acrates."

Christine Nielsen Married. New York .- It became known Thursday that Christine Nielsen, the actress, was secretly married on July She is a native of California.

Khan of Khiva Dead in Asla. St. Petersburg.-The khan of Khiva. in Turkestan, Said Mohammed Rak- the hobble skirt was started Thursday laws reported, urging an act to make him Bahadur, is dead from paralysis by Rev. Peter Henry, pastor of the

OPERATORS AGREE TO GRANT DE-MANDS MADE BY MINERS.

PEORIA SCALE WILL STAND

Agreement Is Reached at Conference Held in Chicago Between Mine Owners and Workers.

Chicago.-Illinois coal operators have decided to yield to the demands of the miners. An agreement based on the Peoria contract was practically reached at a conference held in this city between committees of the Illinois Coal Operators' association and the Illinois body of the United Mine Workers of America, and only minor details pertaining to working conditions remain to be agreed upon.

On April 1 about 70,000 miners in Illinois laid down their tools and awaited the signing of a new agreement by the operators. A convention was held in Cincinnati in April, at which many of the states came to an agreement., The Illinois miners held out, though, on the question of the payment of shot-firers, and a joint conference was later called in Peoria on May 21 in an effort to reach a settlement. The operators refused, how. the popular theme-Minneapolis. ever, to grant the demands of the merely a suspension into a strike of 70,000 miners. On June 11 all pumpmen and engineers, who had remained at work according to an agreement between the operators and miners pending negotiations, were called out

of the state seceded from the ranks editorial extolling handsomely the of the Illinois coal operators and signed up the Peoria agreement unconditionally. Since then operators to about 40,000.

At the request of T. L. Lewis, inators, at which a compromise agreethe north pole, again is on his way to heretofore been offered, but did not at the Peoria convention. It was left came a letter which establishes ap to a referendum vote of the miners, for those places do not move away. and John Walker, president of the Il-

> special convention in Indianapolis by the fault of the citizens who content Lewis, which lasted ten days, and was themselves with criticising it." one of the stormiest ever held. It re sulted in a sweeping victory for Waiker, and the compromise agreement

> was thrown aside. Following the Indianapolis convention, several more operators signed up with the miners. The Operators' association, however, determined that the fight should be continued, and appointed a committee of seven to con-duct the campaign. It was decided cently when 100 members of the that conferences should be held once more before the fight should be carried into the winter months.

Director of Ostermann Company Testifies to Intimidation to Prevent Car Fraud Narrative.

Chicago .-- Hearing of the case against Frank B. Harriman, Charles chimney skyward and its doors stood L. Ewing and John M. Taylor, former Illinois Central officials charged with defrauding the company through car repairs, was resumed in Judge Brugge

meyer's court Monday. Theophile Reuther, formerly a director of the Ostermann Manufacturing company, the first witness, testifled that Henry C. Ostermann, president of the Ostermann company, had threatened to kill him if he (Reuther) told the story of the defrauding of the Illinois Central out of \$1,000,000 through car repairs.

Reuther told of Ostermann's alleged attack upon him in the offices of the company when he threatened to disclose the gigantic steal.

Thefts of valuable records, confes sions, letters, reports and other proofs of frauds, together with copies of important documents, came to light in the graft war as a rival to the \$1,-500,000 car-repair swindle.

Documents containing evidence against the men higher up in the huge fraud disappeared from the Illinois His plan for getting at the inequalities of the law is investigation by the taneously with the discharge of an employe in the railroad's secret-service department.

Rev. F. G. Bingley, an evangelist, be adjusted properly without causing who preaches to the women of the levee, turned the bulk of the missing papers over to Murry Nelson, Jr., chief counsel for the Illinois Central, from morning to night, with never an

"My boys, Paul, eleven years old, cumulated shall justify changes in the papers floating in the river," said the not a man of phases, he spoke his evangelist.

Roberts Ready to Depart. Chicago.-George E. Roberts, president of the Commercial National bank said. 'You're putting up with too before its consolidation with the Con- much nonsense from your wife. You 15 in Saratoga to Joseph Leffler, a tinental National, Thursday began arreal estate dealer and horseman. Miss ranging for his departure for Wash- a man, Shelley-why don't you make Nielsen will not retire from the stage. ington. He has accepted the position her behave?" of director of the mint.

> Pastor Hits Hobble Skirt. Newark, N. J .- A crusade against

TALK WELL OF YOUR CITY

Story of a Young Man's Experience That Points a Lesson to Citizens of Every Community.

The Toronto Mail recounts the story of a young man, a citizen of the Dominion, who recently visited several cities of the states. He brought back with him some impressions of one of our cities in particular-Minneapolis, Minn.-and in the opinion of our contemporary Canadian cities might consider his views with great profit. The truth is, the lesson of this young man's experience should prove as interesting to communities on this as on the other side of the border. It amounts to this, that everybody he met in Minneapolis spoke well of the town. "Of the many people he met there," says our informant, "he found not one who was not enthusiastic about the city. The conversation seldom ended without the other party giving it a turn to

"Now, this young man not only men, and negotiations were broken listened in Minneapolis to praise of off, turning what had theretofore been its places of interest, its progress, its prospects, its advantages as an isdustrial center, as a place of restdence, and so on, but he stored these things in his mind, took them over to Toronto, talked to the editor of the Mail and Empire about them, and got the latter interested in them to the In June the fifth and ninth districts extent that he sat down and wrote an civic pride of the Minnesota city.

"The lesson the editor draws from the young Canadian's enthusiasm-or have been capitulating one by one in rather the cause of it-is that pride different parts of the state until the of city is something that would be number of idle men has been reduced both becoming and useful on this side of the line. While Minneapolis is not the only city in the United States ternational president of the miners' where the young Canadian might have organization, a joint convention was found a similar measure of local pride and enthusiasm, there are many cities in this country, be it said with regret, in which public sentiment is so tinclocal that the visitor is led to wongrant all that the miners demanded der why, under all the circumstances the complaining residents who talk

"It is rather a trite way of putting its citizens make it. If a city is not This resulted in the calling of a what it ought to be, this is generally

# HOUSE BUILT IN NINE HOURS

Quick Work by Members of a Los Angeles Lodge in a Spirit of Brotherhood.

A unique record in home building was established in Los Angeles re-Woodmen of the World erected a fourroom cottage on East Fifty-second street in less than nine hours.

From top to bottom, from roof to foundation, front porch, front steps, and even the painting was completed long before dark and the little house was ready for occupancy. Where in the morning had been a ragged patch of corn and ugly undergrowth by night as cozy a little cottage as one could wish for poked its little red

invitingly open. Love and the spirit of brotherhood made possible the seemingly impossible. The house was erected by the Woodmen of the World for their feilow member James Harvey and his mother, Mrs. Margaret Harvey. Harvey is thirty-five years of age. Many years ago he became a member of the order and was a hard working and popular member. Five years ago he was stricken with chronic rheumatism that may make him an invalid for the rest of his life. He has been unable to do any work since.

The house is 15 by 34 feet in dimensions, has four rooms and a fully equipped bath, hot and cold water and gas. It is valued at more than \$1,000.

Shelley the Henpecked.

Ernest Hunter Wright, in an article on the death of Dr. Frederick James Furnivall, throws this new light on the home life of the poet Shelley: "Dr. Furnivall's father was a sur-

geon, but touched literature at one point-he attended Mary Godwin Shelley for a time. He found it no privilege to wait upon that lady. She was forever ordering Shelley about like a slave, and wearing his life out with her whims and tempers. It was 'Shelley do this,' or 'Shelley do that,' endearing word and seldom a polite one. So the elder Furnivall decided on and Cecil, nine years old, found the some advice for Shelley, and though mind as best he could one day when the poet had dropped in to watch him

make pills. "'Deuce take it all, Shelley,' he ought to show some backbone. You're

"'I can't,' replied the poet; she won't-it's impossible!' "'Then you ought to divide

house with her.' "'How?' asked Shelley, naively, "'Why, in the Irishman's way-you take the inside and give her outside."

# THEODORE ROOSEVELT ON **OUR NATIONAL EFFICIENCY**

In Address Before the Conservation Congress at St. Paul He Says New Methods of Developing and Using Natural Resources of Country Are Needed.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 6.—Speaking "National Efficiency" before the ervation congress today, former President Roosevelt impressed on his hearers the fact that conservation become a national duty and must looked at from a new point of view and accomplished by new methods of developing and using the natural resources of the country. His address was the feature of the day's program and was listened to by a throng that tested the capacity of the hall and that frequently applauded colonel's vigorous language. The address in full was as follows:

America's reputation for efficiency stands deservedy high throughout the world. We are efficient probably to the full-limit that any nation can attain by the methods hitherto used. There is great reason to be proud of our achievements, and yet no reason to believe that we cannot excel our past. Through a practically unrestrained individualism, we have reached a pitch of literary unexampled material prosperity; although the distrireached a pitch of literary unexampled material prosperity; although the distribution of this prosperity leaves much to be desired from the standpoint of justice and fair dealing. But we have not only allowed the individual a free hand, which was in the main right; we have also allowed great corporations to act as though they were individuals, and to exercise the rights of individuals, in addition to using the vast combined power of high organization and enormous wealth for their own advantage. This development of corporate action, it is true, is doubtless in large part responsible for the gigantic development of our natural resources, but it is not less responsible for waste, destruction, and monopoly on an equally gigantic scale.

The method of reckless and uncontrolled private use and waste has done for us all the good it ever can, and it is time to put an end to it before it does all the evil it easily may. We have passed the time when heedless waste and destruction, and arrogant monopoly, are any longer permissible. Henceforth we must seek National efficiency by a new and a better way, by the way of the orderly development and use, coupled with the preservation, of our natural resources by making the most of what we have for the benefit of all of us, instead of leaving the sources of material prosperity open to indiscriminate exploitation. These are some of the reasons why it is wise that we should abandon the old point of view, and why conservation has become a patriotic duty. duty. Waterways Development.

Waterways Development.
One of the greatest of our conservation problems is the wise and prempt development and use of the waterways of this Nation. The Twin Cities, lying as they do at the headwaters of the Mississippi, are not upon the direct line of the psoposed lakes to the gulf deep waterway. Yet they are deeply interested in its prompt completion, as well as in the

prompt completion, as well as in the deepening and regulation of the Missis-sippi to the mouth of the Missouri and to the gulf. The project for a great trunk waterway, an arm of the sea, extending from the Gulf of Mexico to the Great Lakes, should not be abandoned. lakes to the gulf deep waterway, the development of the rivers which into it, should be pushed to completion vigorously and without delay. In nearly every river city from St. Paul

to the gulf the water-front is controlled by the railways. Nearly every artificial waterway in the United States, either dir indirectly, is under the same It goes without saying that (unless the people prevent it in advance) the rallways will attempt to take control of our waterways as fast as they are im-proved and completed; nor would I blame them, if we, the people, are supine in the matter. We must see to it that adequate terminals are provided in every city and town on every improved waterway, termi-nals open under reasonable conditions to the use of every citizen, and rigidly protected against monopoly; and we must compel the rallways to co-operate with the waterways continuously, effectively, and under reasonable conditions. Unless we do so the railway lines will refuse to deliver freight to the boat lines, either openly or by imposing prohibitory condi-tions, and the waterways once improved will do comparatively little for the bene-

fit of the people who pay the bill.

Adequate terminals properly controlled and open through lines by rail and boat are two absolutely essential conditions to the usefulness of inland waterway development. I believe furthermore that the railways should be prohibited from owning, controlling, or carrying any interest in the boat lines on our rivers, unless under the strictest regulation and control of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, that the shippers' interests may be

The National Forests.

If any proof were needed that forest protection is a National duty, the recent destruction of forests in the west by fire would supply it. Even with the aid of the army added to that of the forest service the loss has been severe. Without either it would have been vastly

But the forest service does more than protect the National forests against fire. It makes them practically and increasing-It makes them practically and increasingly useful as well. During the last year for which I have the figures the National forests were used by 22.000 cattlemen with their flocks, 5.000 timbermen with their flocks, 5.000 timbermen with their flocks, 5.000 timbermen with their crews, and 45.000 miners. More than 5.000 persons used them for other special industries. Nearly 34.000 settlers had the free use of wood. The total resident population of the National forests is about a quarter of a million, which is larger than the population of certain states. More than 700.000 acres of agricultural land have been patented or listed for patent within the forests, and the reports of the forest officers show that more than 400.000 people a year use the forests for recreation, camping, huntthe forests for recreation, camping, hunt-ing, fishing, and similar purposes. All this is done, of course, without injury to this is done, of course, without injury to the timber, which has a value of at least a thousand million dollars. Moreover, the National forests protect the water supply of a thousand cities and towns, about 800 irrigation projects, and more than 300 power projects, not counting the use of water for these and other purposes by individual settlers.

Country Life institute.

The investigations of the Country Life Commission have led the farmers of this country to realize that they have not been getting their fair share of progress and all that it brings. Some of our farming communities in the Mississippi valley and in the middle west have made marvelous progress, yet even the best of them, like

communities of every other kind, are not beyond improvement, while much needs to be done in some other sections to improve country life. As yet we know comparatively little of the basic facts of rural civilization. The means for better farming we have studied with care, but to better living on the farm and to better business on the farm the farmers themselves have given scant attention. One of the most urgent needs of our civilization is that the farmers themselves should undertake to get for themselves a better knowledge along these lines, and then to apply it. Sir Horace Plunkett, for many years a Wyoming cattleman, and now devoting himself in Ireland to the country life problem there, has suggested in his recent book on the "Country Life Problem in America" the creation of a Country Life institute as a center where the work and knowledge of the whole world concerning country life may be brought together for the use of every nation. I am strongly in sympathy with this idea, and I hope to see it carried out with the co-operation and assistance of our own people. Last spring, while visiting the capital of Hungary. Buda-Pesth, I was immensely impressed by the Museum of Country Life, containing an extraordinary series of studies in agriculture, in stockralsing, in forestry, in mining; the exhibits were of the utmost practical importance and were also intensely interesting and instructive.

As a people we have not yet learned to economize, One of the virtues we Americans most need is thrift. It is a mere truism to say that luxury and extravagence are not good for a Nation. So far as they affect character, the loss they cause may be beyond computation. But in the material sense there is a loss greater than is caused by both extravagence and luxury put together. I mean the needless, useless, and excessive loss to our people from premature death and avoidable diseases. Whoily apart from the grief, the

to our people from premature death and avoidable diseases. Whoily apart from the grief, the suffering, and the wretchedness which they cause, the material loss each year has been calculated at nearly twice what it costs to run the Federal government. In addition to the state and city health officers and organizations, there is ursently needed a Federal bureau of health, to act, so far as the National government properly may, to retional government properly may, to re-lieve our people from this dreadful bur-

National Conservation Commission. One of the most important meetings in our recent history was that of the govour recent history was that of the governors in the white house in May, 1908, to consider the conservation question. By the advice of the governors the meeting was followed by the appointment of a National conservation commission. The meeting of the governors directed the attention of the country to conservation as neithing else could have done, while the work of the commission gave the movement definiteness and supplied it with a practical program. But at the mement when the commission was ready to begin the campaign for putting its program into effect an amendment to the Sundry civil service bill was introduced by a congressman from Minnesota with the purpose of putting a stop to the work so admirably begun. Congress passed the amendment. Its object was to put an so admirably begun. Congress passed the amendment. Its object was to put an end to the work of a number of commissions, which had been appointed by the president, and whose contribution to the public welfare had been simply incalcupublic welfare had been simply incalculable. Among these were the commission for reorganizing the business methods of the government, the public lands commission, the country life commission, and the National conservation commission itself. When I signed the Sundry civil service bill containing this amendment, I transmitted with it as my last official act a memorandum declaring that the amendment was void, because it was an unconstitutional interference with the rights of the executive, and that if I were to remain president I would pay to it no attention whatever.

The National conservation commission

to remain president I would pay to it no attention whatever.

The National conservation commission thereunon became dorn and the suspension of its work came at a most unforgunate time, and there was sections danger that the progress already made would be lost. At this critical moment the National conservation association was organized. It took up the work which otherwise would not have been done, and it exercised a most useful influence in preventing had legislation, in securing the introduction of better conservation measures at the past session of congress, and in promoting the passage of wise laws. It deserves the confidence and surport of every citizen interested in the wise development and preservation of our natural resources, and in preventing them from passing into the hands of uncontrolled monopolies. It joins with the National conservation congress in holding this meeting. I am here by the joint inthis meeting. I am here by the joint in-vitation of both.

Pan-American Construction.

When the government of the United States awoke to the idea of conservation and saw that it was good, it lost no time in communicating the advantages of the new point of view to its immediate neighnew point of view to its immediate neigh-bors among the nations. A North Ameri-can conservation conference was held in Washington, and the co-operation of Canada and Mexico in the great problem of developing the resources of the conti-nent for the benefit of its people was asked and promised. The nations upon our rorthern and southern boundaries wisely realized that their opportunity to conserve the natural resources was better our rorthern and southern boundaries wisely realized that their opportunity to conserve the natural resources was better than ours, because with them destruction and monopolization had not gone so far as they had with us. So it is with the republics of Central and South America. Obviously they are on the verge of a period of great material progress. The development of their natural resources—their forests, their mines, their water, and their soils—will create enormous wealth. It is to the mutual interest of the United States and our sister American republics that this development should be wisely done. Our manufacturing industries effer a market for more and more of their natural wealth and raw material, while they will increasingly desire to meet that demand in commercial exchange. The more we buy from them, the more we shall sell to them. Their prosperity is inseparably involved with our own. Thank heaven, we of this continent are now beginning to realize, what in the end the whole world will realize, that normally it is a good thing for a nation to have its neighbor nations. what in the end the whole world will realize, that normally it is a good thing for a nation to have its neighbor nations prosper. We of the United States are genuinely and heartly pleased to see growth and prosperity in Canada, in Mexico, in South America. Mexico, in South America.

Unless the governments of all the American republics, including our own, enact in time such laws as will both protect their natural wealth and promote

tect their natural wealth and promote their legitimate and reasonable develop-ment, future generations will owe their misfortunes to us of today. A great pa-

triotic duty calls upon us. We owe it to ourselves and to them to give the American republics all the help gre can. The cases in which we have failed should be no less instructive than the cases in which we have succeeded. With prompt action and good will the task of saving the resources for the people is full of hope for us all.

the resources for the people is full of hope for us all.

State and Federal Control.

But while we of the United States are anxious, as I believe we are able, to be of assistance to others, there are problems of our own which we must not overlook. One of the most important conservation questions of the moment relates to the control of water power monopoly in the public interest. There is appared to the judicious observer a distinct tendency on the part of our opponents to cloud the issue by raising the question of state as against federal junisdiction. We are ready to meet that issue if it is forced upon us. But there is no hope for the plain people in such conflicts of jurisdiction. The essential question is not one of hair-splitting legal technicalities. It is simply this: Who can best regulate the special interests for the public good? Most of the predatory corporations are interstate or have interstate affiliations. Therefore they are largely out of reach of effective state control, and fall of necessity within the federal jurisdiction. One of the prime objects of those among them that are grasping and greedy is to avoid any effective control either by state or nation; and they advocate at this time state control ismply because they believe it to be the least effective. In the great fight of the people to drive the special interests from the domination of our government, the nation is stronger and its jurisdiction is more effective than that of any state. The most effective weapon against these great corporations, most of which are financed and owned on the Atlantic coast, will be federal laws and the federal executive. That is why I so strongly oppose the demand to turn these matters over to the states. It is fundamentally a demand against the interest of the piain people, of the people of small means, against the interest of the great corporations which desire to escape all government control.

The Conservation Fight.

The Conservation Fight.

The Conservation Fight.

On of the difficulties in putting into practise the conservation idea is that the field to which it applies is constantly growing in the public mind. It has been no slight task to bring before 100,000 people a great conception like that of conservation, and convince them that it is right. This much we have accomplished. But there remains much to be cleared up, and many misunderstandings are due in part at least to direct misrepresentation by the men to whose interest it is that conservation should not prosper. For example, we find it constantly said by men who should knew better that temporary wthdrawals, such as the withdrawals of coal lands, will permanently check development. Yet the fact is that these withdrawals have no purpose except to prevent the coal lands from passing into private ownership until consress can pass laws to open them to development under conditions just alike to the public and to the men who will do the developing.

Abuses committed in the name of a just eause are familiar to all of us. Many unwise things are done and many unwise measures are advocated in the name of conservation, either through ignorance, or by those whose interest lies not in promoting the movement, but in retarding it. For example, to stop water power development by needless refusal to issue per-

moting the movement, but in retarding it, For example, to stop water power development by needless refusal to issue permits for water power or private irrigation works on the public lands inevitably leads many men, friendly to conservation and believers in its general principles, to assume that its practical application is necessarily a check upon progress. Nothing could be more mistaken. The idea, widely circulated of late, that conservation means lecking up of the natural resources for the ecking up of the natural resources for the exclusive use of future generations, is exclusive use of future generations, is wholly mistaken. Our purpose is to make full use of these resources, but to consid-er our sons and daughters as well as our-selves; just as a farmer uses his farm in ways to preserve its future usefulness. Conservation is the road to national efficiency, and it stands for ample and

But in spite of these difficulties, most But in spite of these dimediates, most of which are doubtless inevitable in any movement of this kind, conservation has made marvelous progress. I have been assounded and delighted on my return from abroad at the progress made while I was away. We have a right to congratu-

attitude of any corporation, interested in the deliberations of a meeting such as the, which comes hither to advocate, by its openly accredited agents, views which it believes the meeting should have in mind. But I condemn with equal readiness the appearance of a corporate agent before any convention who does not declare himself frankly as such.

This congress is a direct apeal to the patriotism of our whole people. The nation wisely looks to such gatherings for counsel and leadership. Let that leadership be sound, definite, practical, and on the side of all the people. It would be no small misfortune if a meeting such as this should ever fall into the hands of the open enemies or false friends of the great movement which it represents.

sents.

It is our duty and our desire to make this land of ours a better home for the race, but our duty does not stop there. We must also work for a better nation to live in this better land. The development and conservation of our national charac-acter and our free institutions must go hand in hand with the development and conservation of our natural resources, which the governor's conference so well called the foundations of our prosperity. called the foundations of our prosperity. Whatever progress we may make as a natton, whatever wealth we may accumulate, however far we may push mechanical development and production, we shall never reach a point where our welfare can depend in the last analysis on anything but honesty, courage, loyalty, and good citizenship. The homely virtues are the lasting virtues, and the road which leads to them is the road to genuine and lasting success.

What this country needs is what every

what this country needs is what every free country must set before it as the great goal toward which it works—an equal oportunity for life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness for every one of its citizens. To achieve this end we must be the improper political department of the improper political department. a voice. The supreme political task of our day, the indispensable condition of national efficiency and national welfare, is to drive the special interests out of our by October 1.

# KENTUCKY **GLEANINGS**

WHAT IS GOING ON IN DIFFERENT SECTIONS OF THE COMMONWEALTH

WESSESSESSES. WILL MEET AT STATE FAIR.

Different Organizations Booked for Conventions at Louisville.

Louisville .- Several conventions and formal sessions of different organizations have been booked for meetings in this city during State Fair week, and numerous other organizations are now making arrangements for such meetings, with dates yet to be selected. All meetings will be held at the State Fair grounds. The annual meeting of the Kentucky State Agricultural society will be held in convention hall at the fair grounds on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The session will be called to order by President M. F. Johnson, of Fern Creek.

Announcement was made of the program for the good roads convention, to be held on Thursday after-noon under the auspices of the Kentucky Good Roads association. Sena tor Joe F. Bosworth, of Middlesboro president of the association, will pre side. The purposes of the convention and of the work of the association will telephone and telegraph lines. be discussed by H. A. Sommers, of Elizabethtown, chairman for good roads day. R. J. McBryde, of the Lou-Press and Good Roads." "Rural Delivery and Good Roads" is the subject of a paper which will be read by a representative of the postoffice department at Washington. A representative of the bureau of good roads United States department of agricul ture, will discuss "What the Federal Government Is Doing to Develop Good Roads Sentiment." Miscellaneous business will be transacted and every thing possible done to give impetus to the good roads movement in Kentucky.

Friday will be known as Traveling Men's day at the State Fair, and the knights of the grip will hold a convention during the afternoon. Represen tatives from all commercial organi zations of the state will assemble in convention at the fair grounds on Friday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock. A formal gathering of Confederate veterans will be held in the model school building from 6 to 7:30 o'clock Friday afternoon. Another convention al ready scheduled is that of the Buff Orpington club, which will meet at 1 o'tiock Saturday afternoon. meeting has been called by J. Duncan Bell, of Paris, president of the club.

CALL FOR ORPHAN BRIGADE.

Official Call for Annual Reunion Issued By President Weller.

been issued by Capt. John H. Weller,

the fight is won. In the beginning the special interests, who are our chief opponents in the conservation fight, paid little and of the First Kentucky brigade of infantry of the confederate army, and of the First Kentucky cavalry, will near in the conservation fight, paid little to held on Tuesday and Wadnesday. "Louisville, Aug. 29.-The annual renents in the conservation fight, paid little heed to the movement, because they neither understood it, nor saw that if it won they must lose. But with the progress of conservation in the minds of our people the fight is getting sharper. The neares we approach to victory, the bitterer the opposition that we must meet, and the greater the need for caution and watch-fulness. Open opposition we can overcome, but I warn you especially against the men who come to congresses such as this, ostensibly as disinterested citizens, but actually as the paid agents of the special interests. I heartily approve the attitude of any corporation, interested in the deliberations of a meeting such as titled of any corporation, interested in the deliberations of a meeting such as titled of any corporation, interested in the deliberations of a meeting such as the paid agents of the special interests. I heartily approve the attitude of any corporation, interested in the deliberations of a meeting such as the paid agents of the special interests. I heartily approve the attitude of any corporation in the minds of our people the fight is getting sharper. The nearest occurrence we approach to victory, the bitterer that opposition who can possibly do so, are urged to attend this reunion. There will be but few more meetings of our comrades. The thin general properties are proposition who can possibly do so, are urged to attend this reunion. There will be but few more meetings of our comrades. The thin general properties are properties at the pression of the special properties are properties. they nel- be held on Tuesday and Wednesday, elbows once more and renew the memories of the days that never can ome again. By order of

"JOHN H. WELLER, President. Committee,"

CARLISLE MAY HAVE FAIR.

Commercial Club Backing Movement to Organize Stock Company.

Carlisle .- A Nicholas county fair, to be held at Carlisle, will probably open its gates to the public next year. A movement to organize a stock company for this purpose is being backed by the Carlisle Commercial club, and already over 25 shares of the value of \$100 each have been spoken for and the promoters feel confident that all

of the stock will soon be taken. Options on three different tracts ground for the fair grounds have been

Paducah.-Work was commenced on the Illinois Central incline, which will be double tracked to handle the Burlington trains until the new bridge citizens. To achieve this end we must put a stop to the improper political dominion, no less than to the improper economic dominion, of the great special interests. This country, its natural resources, its natural advantages, its opportunities and its institutons, belong to all its citizens. They cannot be enjeyed fully fully and freely under any governmen in which the special interests as such have a voice. The supreme political task of is completed at Metropolis, Ill., 12

ARBERTHERE HERE PETURNS AFTER VAIN SEARCH.

Farmer Travels Six States Looking for Kidnaped Daughter.

Princeton.-Robbed of his wife by death, and of his only child by kidnapers, Texis Allison, a prosperous farmer, has returned home after a vain search through six southern states. Little Gladys Allison was abducted while returning from the funeral of her mother, at Shreveport, La., and since then her father has been unable to find a single trace of the child's whereabouts.

He is not a rich man, and does not believe the little girl was taken in the hope of securing a reward, and besides, the kidnapers have given him no chance to pay a ransom.

The Shreveport authorities been unable to secure the slightest clew, and the affair is as much a mystery as on the day of the disappear-

WILL EXTEND RAILROAD.

Lexington & Eastern Will Build 115 Miles of New Road.

Jackson.—The Lexington & Eastern railroad, which runs from this city to Lexington, has filed amended articles of incorporation with the secretary of state which will permit that line to increase its indebtedness from \$4,000,-000 to \$10,000,000. This money will be used for the purpose of extending the line from Jackson 115 miles, penetrating the Perry, Letcher and Knott county coal fields and reaching Virginia, where connection can be made to reach tidewater. The company is also given power to buy or construct

It is not known what trunk line is to be connected with the Lexington & Eastern, but it is believed in Cincin isville Times, will, speak on "The nati that the line is to be connected with the Norfolk & Western road.

# Kentucky Intelligence

Frankfort.-After quarreling with her husband over a trivial matter, a the fair grounds, and committed sut lavender. cide. Her money was found tied u in her handkerchief and put in her shoes on the bank.

Frankfort .-- J. F. Ramey, bank clerk in the secretary of state's office, has received applications for charters for two new banks. A bank with a capital stock of \$15,000 has been organ ized at Lynn Grove, Calloway county, and the Springfield State bank of quinine in her boudoir. She then con-Springfield, with a capital stock o \$50,000, wants a charter.

Hopkinsville.-The seventh annual meeting of the Christian county horse show will be held at Pembroke, September 6-10. Only night sessions will This be held, and the program is the best found sleeping on the embankment, the association has ever arranged. having falle nthrough every stage of Larger prizes are hung up, and the depravity from occasional indulgence finest horses in Kentucky and adjoin- in mhorphia to sheer mania for alcoing states will be exhibited.

Paducah.-Fire, believed to have been started by rats chewing matches,

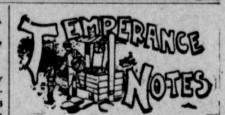
other parts of the state, will leave Louisville September 11 for an encampment of ten days at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind. About 1,000 men will meet in Louisville on September 11 and arrive in Indianapolis the next gagement. No maanger could demorning.

Barboursville .- W. C. Black, of this city, has leased a mining plant at Gray Station, which has been idle for two years. He will begin operations at an early date, renovating the plant and putting a large force to work. The Jewel Jellico Coal Co., a new local organization, will develop 400 acres in Whitley county. A mile railroad extension, to tap the property, has been sur-"E. POLK JOHNSON, Chairman of veyed and construction work will be gin at once.

Greenville .-- J. H. Arnold, a scientific assistant in the agricultural department at Washington, addressed a large crowd of Muhlenberg farmers here, talking of soils, grasses, tobacco and other matters of interest to the farmer. Mr. Arnold was introduced by the Hon. R. Y. Thomas, congress man from this district, at whose instance the service of Mr. Arnold was secured. The farmers present were highly pleased with the talk.

Owensboro .- William Boyer, of Ohio county, lost his life as the result of the caving in of a bank, in which he was attempting to dig an opening for the mouth of a coal mine. Boyer was caught by the slide, and was in an unconscious condition when discovered by a farmer living in the vicinity. The farmer hastened to his assistance. and after dragging him out from under the mass of earth that held him, summoned a doctor, who arrived too late

to save his life. Russellville.-The old confederate veterans of Logan county will hold a reunion in Russellville, September 8. A big basket dinner and plenty of mu-Prof. J. W. Repass, president of Logan address of the day and recitations suitothers present. The veterans will hold an annual reunion in some portion of the county each year after this. For the reunion September 8 a committee has been appointed, and nothing will 12:30 a. m. Formerly these places be left undone to make the day on never closed their doors. long to be remembered.



DRUG HABIT IS SPREADING

Vice on Increase in England-Ingredients Vary From Chloral to Alcohol.

English society is becoming serious ly exercised about the habit of taking drugs, which appears to be spreading more rapidly than ever, judging from some of the correspondence which is appearing on the subject. What was at one time the vice of the few is declared now to be the practise of many-worried business men, professional men, "cursed with brain fag," jaded society women and all the other ivctims of the killing rush of modern life.

A case is narrated in M. A. P. of a hospital nurse who recently applied for relief at an inebriates' home, confessing that she had not been really sober-that is to say, more or less under the influence of stimulant-for six years. A spell of unusualyl heavy work had driv n her to cocaine. Her holiday, which ought to have followed immediately, had to be postponed for some reason connected with the hospital work, and she continued taking cocaine until when relief came at last she found herself unable to give up her daily allowance of the drug. Sometimes she took brandy to relieve her craving for the drug, but always she returned. As in every other case, the gradual sapping away of the will power weakened her ef-forts to break the habit, and in the end her friends had to take the most drastic measures to force her into an inebriates' home. Here the habit was successfully broken after an agonizng painful "cure."

One woman who led a very busy social life used to take regularly a mixthe Capital Fair, Mrs. Neve White true of chloral, sal-volatile, brandy aged 18, who is a bride of two months and soda, while another dosed herself jumped into the Kentucky river, above with a mixture of sal-volatile and red

Another extraordinary case heard of recently. Three specialists had been called in to examine a woman, and though all three agreed that she was suffering from overstimulation they were utterly unable to discover the cause of her symptoms. The mystery was not sovled until some one happened to mention that the woman kept a bottle of sulphate of fessed that she was simply suffering from excessive doses of quinine.

The stage, literature and art each contribute a large number to the victims of the drug and alcohol habits. Recently a once famous artist was

Many men and women connected with the stage have fallen victims destroyed the two-story frame resi- to the craving for stimulants, always Mar. with disastrous results to their protin Haybick, at Little Cypress, this fessional reputations. One actress, county. The contents were all lost, for whom the critics had prophecied The loss is \$2,000, and there was no a brilliant career, commenced taking insurance. Haybick is pursued by ill morphia during a nervous crisis. She luck, as recently his barn was burned. was delighted with the immediate ben-Louisville.—The First Kentucky in. fit she derived from the drug, and used fantry, composed of troops from Louis. It again and again. Before she or any ville and vicinity, and the Second and one else had realized what was hap-Third regiments of militiamen from pening, the unfortunate woman had become a morphine-maniac. She not only made no progress in her art, but her acting was deteriorating rapidly.

Before the end came it had become impossible for her to obtain an enpend on her coming to the theater, and when she did put in an appearance it was only charitable to scribe her acting as erratic. She became so reckless in her craving for stimulants that she drank eau de cologne, Florida water or anything else of an alcoholic nature. In this casae, at any rate, death came as a merciful release.

Alcohol Same as Work.

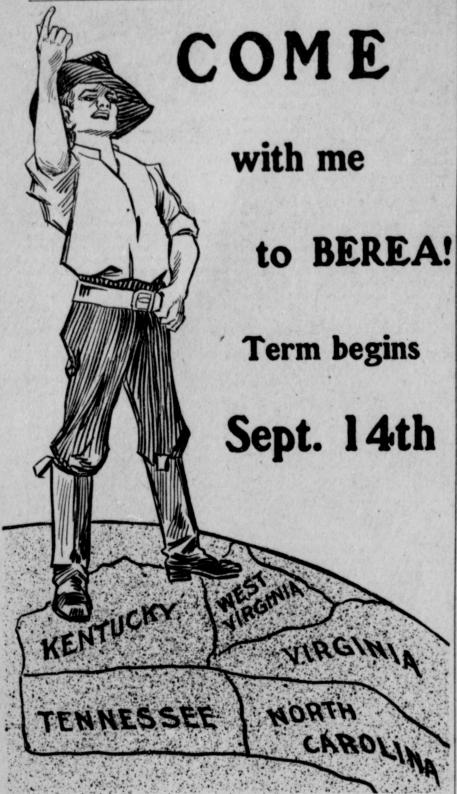
When you don't want to work, but you want to look as if you had worked, feel as if you had done a hard day's work and be in the same condition as though you had done a day's work, take a couple of drinks of whisky. Medical science has established to its own satisfaction the fact that alcohol has the same effect on the human body as a day's work.

Dr. William J. Wick, who lectured at Chicago recently on "The Action of Alcohol on the Different Organs of the Body, From a Scientific Standpoint," is the authority for this statement. Dr. Wick declared that experiments in two men, one of whom had had a few drinks and the other of whom had worked all day, had the same results.

"Alcohol tires the nerves and muscles," said Dr. Wick. "One glass of beer shows a marked effect on the nervous centers and gives a tendency to hasty and incoherent movements.

Blue Laws In Madrid.

The old "night life" of Spain, the music and dancing that has been such an attractive feature to American sic will go to make the day enjoyable. and other foreign travelers to Madrid and the southern cities of Seville, Female college, will deliver the chief Cadiz, Ronda, Malaga and Barcelona, is a thing of the past. The governable to the occasion will be made by ment decided that night bohemianism was demoralizing the youth of the country, and King Alfonso issued a royal decree closing music halls, cafes. and other places of amusement at



# East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly.

### JACKSON COUNTY PRIVETT

tended association at Rock Springs last Saturday and Sunday .- Mrs. Stephens Farmer is improving slowly. latives in this vicinity.-Died on the twenty-eighth, the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Silas Spurlock, at the age of six months, after quite a long illness. Its remains were laid to rest in the Spurlock cemetery .-George Peters visited his parents Saturday and Sunday .- The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Silas York is very sick.

Evergreen, Sept. 5.-G. M. Ballard, of Mt. Vernon, was here this week looking after land and timber .-- There is a big tide in Horse Lick this week. Many logs have gone out.-Election is now near and most of the voters seem to be for Powers .- O. M. Payne, of Disputanta, visited his brother, T. J. Lake last week .- A church was organized at Pine Grove with several members. There will be a new Baptist church built here in the near future.-David and George Gabbard are building a handsome dwelling house for J. W. Jones.-Green Lake has been sick, but is some better now .--Mrs. John Martin, still continues in poor health .-- Mr. and Mrs. Edward Lake were at Berea last week on business .- S. A. Drew, of Robines is here looking after some cross ties this week.

# TYNER

Tyner, Sept. 4.-Most everybody in this vicinity attended the old Baptist Association at Rock Spring, Saturday and Sunday.-Elgin Gipson has returned from the Swiss colony, sick with rheumatism. - Maud Hamilton has gone to Winchester to stay for some time with her aunt, Mrs. S. P. Palmer.-Moore and Vaughn have moved their saw mill to Welchburg.-Born to the wife of Thomas Morgan, of near here, a bouncing boy. Mother Wild. and child are doing well.-I. A. Bowman and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bowman, of Conway, attended the Rock Spring association .- Bailey Simpson has just returned from Louisville, where he has been to visit his son, John Simpson.

# GRAYHAWK

Gray Hawk, Sept 6 .- The Baptist association at Oak Grove went off very quietly with very little disorder. A good dinner was provided, and all enjoyed themselves .- Mrs. Louisa Tincher is visiting at J. B. Bingham's.— French is planning on moving to Mt.

The work on the Methodist church house of Gray Hawk is progressing Privett, Sept. 4.—Quite a number at nicely.—Road work is being pushed now.-Frank Harrison is staying with J. B. Bingham for a while.—The race for Congress in and around Gray -Mrs. John Tillery and daughter, of Hawk is about 4 for Powers to 1 for London, are visiting friends and re- Edwards.—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Sept. 1st, old uncle Henry Ramsey, with heart failure. His remains were laid to rest in the Hunter grave yard.-The Hard Shell association at Rock Spring is well attended .- J. B. Bingham has been hauling goods this week for W. R. Engle from Idamay .--

# Teacher's Association Program

Program for Teachers' Association to be held in Educational Division No. 6 Sub-District No. 11, Durham school house, Saturday, Nov. 5, 1910. Song-Kentucky Schools-Audience. Invocation-J. R. Durham.

Song-Happy Welcome-Quartet. Welcome Address-Dorcas Wild. Response-J. G. Durham. Song-Count your Blessings-Quar-

Recitation-Martha Durham. Discussion-New School Law-H. N.

Essay-The Value of a day in school-Mrs. Anna Hayes. Recitation-Stella Sparks.

Essay-How to make a Model Coun try school.-Mrs. Laura Smith. Noon-Basket Dinner.

Song-Star Splanged Banner-Audi-Essay-My First Experience in

Teaching-Mrs. Emma Garrett. Oration-Education for Culture or Vocation,-Which?-Geo. Sparks. Essay-Teacher's Influence in the Community-Mrs. Ida Abney.

Educational Values in Geography .-Willie Dean. Essay-What the Common School means for Our Country-Nannie

Hatfield. Song-Quartet. Essay - How to Beautify your school house and grounds-Dorcas

Recitation-Maggie Durham. Essay-Consolidation of Common Schools-Annie Powell. Reading-J. G. Durham. Address-J. J. Davis.

Song-Audience. Mrs. Emma Garrett, Sec'y. Mrs. Laura Smith, Vice-Pres.

# ROCKCASTLE COUNTY

Robinet, Aug. 31.-Ed. Mullins has

ing the past two weeks .- Powers will almost make a clean sweep in this community.-Elihu Roberts is very low with heart trouble and is not exof Jim Slagle died Aug. 17. It was -Joe Hensley's child is very sick .buried the 18th. at Horse Lick grave- Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Dailey are visititing friends at Horse Lick returned -Prof. Smith and family, who have series of meetings is planned on be- have returned to Richmond .- Buery ing held as soon as the church house at-Horse Lick is completed.

Boone, Sept. 5 .- Last Saturday and Sunday regular church services were born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Chas- caped without being detected. teen, Aug. 28th.-Hattie Poynter and a number of her school children visited the school of Bettie Poynter -Wm. Gadd was visiting relatives day.-Geo. Poynter made a business lick were in this vicinity Friday .- ham Sunday night. There has been a large tide in Roundstone Creek .- Mrs. H. Woodall cf Berea was visiting relatives here a few days last week.—Jess Wren has moved to Winchester where he is employed on the railroad.

### GOOCHLAND.

Goochland, Sept. 3 .- A protracted meeting will begin at Sycamore the second Sunday of this month. The repairing his dwelling house .- Flora passed thru Hyden last week with a

THE DAY'S DEMAND.

Strong minds, great hearts, true faith and willing hands,

And damn his treacherous flatteries without winking;

For while the rabble, with their thumb-worn creeds,

Wrong rules the land, and waiting justice sleeps.

God give us men! A time like this demands

Men whom the lust for office does not kill;

Men whom the spoils of office cannot buy;

Men who have honor; men who will not lie;

Tall men, sun crowned, who live above the fog

Their large professions and their little deeds

Mingle in selfish strife, lo! freedom weeps;

Men who possess opinions and a will;

Men who can stand before a demagogue

In public duty and in private thinking.

Vernon this fall,-Berry and Alex family were at Rockford Sunday.- way from Jackson through Perry Powell of Conway were visiting in Mrs. Bessie Bullen who has been and Letcher counties for the proposthis town last week,-Thos. Flynn very sick for some time is improving. ed extension of the L. & E. railroad of Mingo, Tenn., came thru here re- -T. C. Viars who has been at Be- to Virginia. Most of our business cently.-John Allen Somers is sell- rea for several days has returned men have been out in the county for ing out, and expects to leave soon .- home .- Little Dasie Todd who has the past two days and have secured Corn crops have improved much dur- been very sick for several days is practically all the right of way for

Conway, Sept. 5 .-- I. A. Bowman and family, also Henry Bowman and pected to live long.-The infant child wife, are visiting in Owsley County. yard .- Mandy Allen who has been vis- ing their daughter at East Bernstadt. to her home at Withers Sunday.-A been spending thier vacation here, Powell is erecting a new dwelling .-John Bowell's daughter who has been sick is better.-Robert Smith of Kerby Knob visited at Conway, Saturday and Sunday.-Born to Mr. held at Fairview church, conducted and Mrs. Elmer Williams, a girl .by the Rev. Wm. Bryant, of near W. M. Hayes' store was broken in-Cartersville .- A fine baby girl was to Saturday night. The robbers es-

### LAUREL COUNTY

Bonham, Sept. 5 .- Crops are looknear Clear Creek Friday,-Mr. and ing better this year than they have Mrs. H. T. Chasteen were visiting been for years.-Old preacher Wil-Mrs. Chasteen's mother, near Big liam Templeton, 87 years old, depart-Hill, a few days last week .- Mr. and ed this life, Sept. 1st. His body was Mrs. Wm. Watkins of Berea visited laid to rest in the Old Hopewell cemerelatives Saturday and Sunday .- A. tery. He leaves many friends to D. Levett was a Berea visitor Friday. mourn his death.-William Hamilton, from Owsley County, who bought out near Clear Creek Friday and Satur- Jefferson Catchin's store is now here doing business .- Jefferson Catchtrip to Brodhead last week .- Sam in and William Hamilton from Ows-Abrams and Houston Levett of Double- ley County were guests of E. Den-

### LESLIE COUNTY

Hyden, Sept. 3 .- The Leslie County Republican committee will meet here Monday for the purpose of selecting officers to conduct the Congressional primary on the 15th of this month. -Minnie B. Lewis left for Whitesburg, where she has a position as stenographer for a law firm.-It is Rev. Mr. Johnson of Estill County will reported that Dr. A. F. Cornelius, conduct the services.-W. S. Jones, who has been in the medical practice last Thursday, while in a blacksmith in this County for several years and shop, lost his right eye, when a piece who is now with home folks at Beof iron happened to strike it, taking rea, will not return to Leslie County it entirely out.-John C. Phillips is to resume practice.-Judge Morgan

Perry. If we get a road here, Hazard will be the busiest town in the mountains in a year or so.

### HARLAN COUNTY

Imlay, Sept. 4 .- Saturday was Red Men's day at this place. Excellent entertainment was afforded, and good talks in their behalf were given by C. Roark and others.-Preaching services were conducted today by the Rev. H. B. Davis. A large crowd attended the meeting.-The Hon J. G. Forester, of Harlan, spoke yesterday to a large crowd in the interest of Caleb Powers for Congress,-People here are almost solid for Powers .-L. T. Lloyd, who has been in Laurel County for some time, is contemplating making this his home again very soon.-Corn crops are generally good in this section.-Many of our boys are going to work on the new railroad which is being built up the Cumberland river in this county.

### MADISON COUNTY KINGSTON

her little sister visited at Berea from Friday until Sunday.-J. C. Powell bought a fine lot of sheep last week. ited their daughter, at Berea, Thursday.-Curt Parks and family attended the funeral of Will Parks in Berea last week .- Mrs. Dr. Bales of Richmond visited her sister, Mrs. Joe Bales, Thursday.-Gussie Rucker and does to you that amounts to a crime Vickie Alexander were the guests of Martha and Suda Powell Monday can your side be in the wrong. night .- Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Hudson and daughters, Dora and Vina, and Berea, Sunday and Sunday night .--Ethel and Ora Flanery left Monday Normal.—Several people from here are planning to go to Pilot Knob to church next Sunday, and to Malory Springs to spend the day.-Mrs. Will Cornelison has been very sick for the past week .- Mrs. Elic Azbill and little son, Joe, are visiting rel-

### atives in Cincinnati this week. FOR SALE

A good farm of 160 acres on the Richmond and Big Hill turn-pike, six miles east of Berea. About 75 or 80 acres is in cultivation and the rest, in timber. Good water the year round, good improvements and a good young orchard. Any one wishing to purchase a place, should write or call on M. A. Moody, Post office, Big Hill, Ky.

# 11TH DISTRICT POLITICS

ly an election to Congress will be a complete vindication for him." If he is innocent,"-as they all say

"I am a poor man," says Powers. "I came out of prison and had to was not prudent to be so open. Noborrow money from my friends while the friends of Mr. Edwards .-"He gathered money from all parts of the United States and kept it at How do you like the picture, Mr. interest, and is now using it to further his political ends," say they.

"Not so," say his friends. "He borrowed the money with which he is paying the running expense of his campaign. He will not need any corruption fund to win this race. If it were not for the Goebelites and the Goebelized Republicans, there would be no opposition to Powers."

And so it goes, Mr. Editor. It is getting sizzling hot, and when there is a further general distribution of whiskey, which can be bought for a dollar a gallon, it will be seven times hotter, probably, seventy times seven.

Already there are signs that certain of the elect on each side are beginning to get their daily allowance. Bye and bye it will be plentiful in every precinct of the nineteen counties of the district. And there are signs that "the elect" are receiving money. The Edwards people are accusing the Powers people of intending to debauch the district with money-mark you, with money collected from the poor and the rich from all over the land, as a "defense fund." Edwards has a large corruption fund,

# \$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to earn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its sta ges, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure the only positive cure now known to the medica ges, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENNY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. which will go to all parts of the dis-

And the writer thinks it highly probable-yea, almost certain-that each candidate will have all the money at the polls that can easily be spent for votes and much more which will go down into the pockets of the spenders.

Fully \$25,000 will be spent by each of these candidates and their friends, at the polls, or in getting workers to the polls; for-mind you-your good faithful worker at the polls must first be primed before he will go

Speaking to a well known "floater" the other day about the current price of votes this season, he said. Well, there are 28 of us on Willow Branch and most of us want to vote -s. but we calculate that our votes will be worth about \$20.00 apiece, and, if he has not got the price, I guess we will have to gos" "What do you think they will pay?" I told him I thought he had the case about rightly size. up and just to "stand pat" and tell all his friends to do the same. He said that he would.

This is the way the votes of the Eleventh Congressional district are expected to vindicate one of these men, or show its appreciation of Kingston, Sept. 5.-Ora Flanery and the record of the other. The friends of each candidate say that the other means to steal the election, and many good people believe them. -Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Lunsford vis- Friends of at least one of the candidates openly threatened to hang the other side, if they try any of their Goebelite tricks.

You are to understand, Mr. Editor, that it is only what the other side in election. Never by any possibility

But you say, "what of the election laws, and the statute against bribery? Mr. Kitt Parks were the guests of Why, bless your simple heart, Mr. and Mrs. June Armstrong near we have the statute, to be sure, but nobody respects the statute. You say, "Where are the Circuit Judges, the for Richmond to attend school at Commonwealth's Attorneys, and the

Well, the Circuit Judges are now out speaking for their choice of candidates. The Commonwealth's Attorneys are generally doing the same, The Jurors will take their cue from the officers. If the Judge instructs the Grand Jury on bribery and election offences, at all, the Jury will wink at the Commonwealth's Attorney and he at the sheriff, and no evidence will ever get within a mile of that grand jury.

If any of these Circuit Judges were seriously to attempt to enforce the law against the offences that will be committed at this election, his constituents would banish him forever. He has committed himself to the system by becoming a partizan and "he must play the game fair."

No, Mr. Editor, if one of these candidates were to appear at one of the County seats with a water bucket "Not so," say his opponents, "if full of \$20 gold pieces, and were he is guilty, he cannot be vindicated, to hand out one or two of them to each voter that would vote for him, publicly and deny privately-"he were to do it publicly, he would be needs no vindication but a good con- perfectly safe, so far as our courts science." "And who will vindicate are concerned. Some fool, puritan Howard and Finley and Taylor?" say people, who will not sell out at all, his enemies-"Must we elect all of might resent it for its boldness, and openness, but it would be, not because it was wrong, but because it body that I know condemns bribery when committed on his side, and very rarely when by the other side.

This is the way we will determine who shall represent us in Congress. Editor?

Thousands will vote their sentiments without reward but the election will be decided by the man who receives money before he will work or vote for his man.

Where is the end of all this? Who will redeem us from this curse, and restore us to our manhood and independence? "Watchman, what of the night?"

# A Subscriber and Voter.

# A GOOD POSITION

Can be had by ambitious young men and women in the field of "Wireless' or Railway telegraphy. Since the 8-hour law became effective, and since the Wireless companies are establishing stations throughout the country there is a great shortage of telegraphers. Positions pay beginners from \$70 to \$90 per month, with good chance of advancement. The National Telegraph Institute operates six official institutes in America, under supervision of R. R. and Wireless Officials and places all graduates into positions. It will pay you And the Powers people retort that to write them for full details at Cincincinnati, O., or Philadelphia, Pa.



lips last week.—Isaac Leger and Kim-taking to Richmond market.—Judge regaining my health." "He is richble Morris are building a chimney for L. D. Lewis will move with his family very rich-no one knows how rich," J. C. Phillips.-Frank Morris, of to Berea to send his children to Doublelick, spent the evening in school. Leslie County will have a Goochland, Sunday.-Jerome Cox at- larger attendance at Berea this year tended the fair at London, last week, than ever before.—Today the trustees -Grant Abrams has traded for the of Educational Division No. 1 met Hammond Grey Eagle mare that took and elected J. H. Hart chairman of first prize in the Roadster ring at the board .- John Hamilton of Trew the Berea fair.-Robert Johnson has passed thru with a drove of cattle returned from Haminlton, O., and re- to market .-- J. C. Steele has a posiports good times.-Thos Gabbard of tion with the Power Grocery Co at Evelyn is in Goochland for a short Paris.-Nettie Lewis has returned to London, where she has been attending school and will resume her work there for the year .- Mrs. W. R. Feitner is very sick .- Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Bentley are rejoicing over the arrival of a fine boy.-A. B. Dixon made a speech at Wooton in behalf of Caleb Powers .- H. M. Brock is out in the country in behalf of Caleb Powers .-J. N. Beckner, the produce man, is

\_J. G. HOLLAND.

# WILDIE

Wildie, Sept. 4 .- Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Reynolds, of Paris, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Reynolds Saturday and Sunday.-Mrs. Arthur Coffey is sick.-John Stewart was in this vicinity last week buying cattle. -Edward Graves visited Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jones Saturday and Sunday .are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Several teachers attended the Teach-Barnett.-Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Reynolds, of Langford, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Reynolds last Friday .-- Mr. and Mrs. Richard Early visited in Jackson County last week. -School at Medical Springs is progressing nicely with Martin Jones as teacher.-Minnie Young of Berea is visiting Samantha Fish.—Mrs. Albert Reynolds visited her brother, Mr. Arthur, Sunday.-The little child of Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Burdett is very sick.

ROCKFORD Rockford, Sept. 5 .- A protracted meeting is going on at Scaffold Cane. conducted by the Rev. A Cornelius of Mashon .- W. P. Anderson, Sr., and wife visited their daughter, Mrs. J. W. Todd, of Rockford Saturday and Sunday.-Quite a crowd was at J. W. Todd's Sunday, it being his fiftieth birthday, Sept. 4th.-Bertie Parker and wife are visiting relatives here this week .- Mrs. Bettie Baughman of recently moved to Booneville.-J. W. Richmond is visiting Daddie and Mrs. Todd, this week .- H. E. Bullen and

Sparks, of Eglon, visited Allie Phil- large drove of cattle, which he was Addie Bawful and little brother, Ned, calling on the merchants this week .ers' association at Shoal yesterday.

# PERRY COUNTY

Hazard, Sept. 4 .- People are beginning to take in their fodder, but rain is hindering the work a great deal .--Mrs. Rachel Brashear left today for a week's visit with relatives.-Mrs. E. C. Wooton is gone on an extended trip to her former home at Springfield, Ky.-The land boom continues to increase, there being about five companies buying at present. Prices have advanced to \$15 per acre and are still going up.-Mr. Jouett, attorney for the L. E. railroad, was here Friday looking after securing a right of

DON'T GET RUN DOWN Weak and miserable. If you have Kidney or Bladder trouble, Dull head pains, Dizziness, Nervousness, Pains in the back, and feel tired all over, get a package of Mother Gray's AUSTRALIAN-LEAF, the picesant herb cure. It never fails. We have many testimonials from grateful people who have used this wonderful remedy. As a regulator it has no equal. Ask for Mother Gray's Australian-Leaf at Druggists or sent by mail for 50 cts. Sample FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N.Y.